

Joseph Lstiburek, Ph.D., P.Eng, ASHRAE Fellow

# Building Science

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Adventures In Building Science

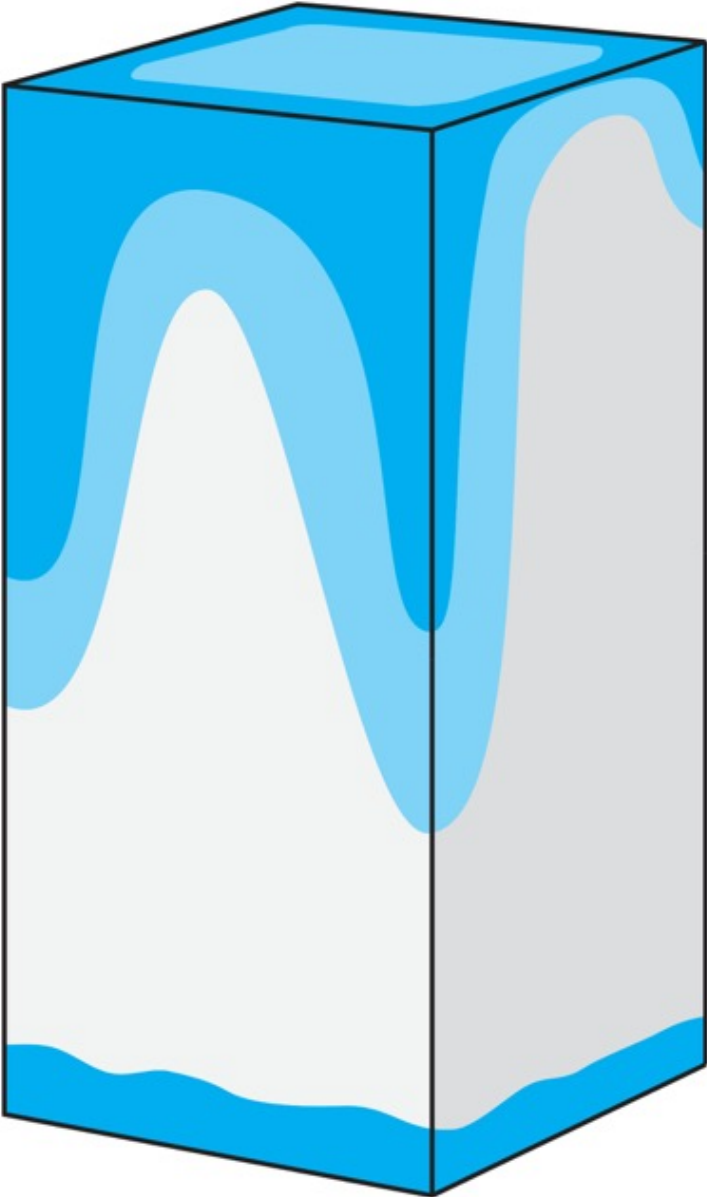
[www.buildingscience.com](http://www.buildingscience.com)

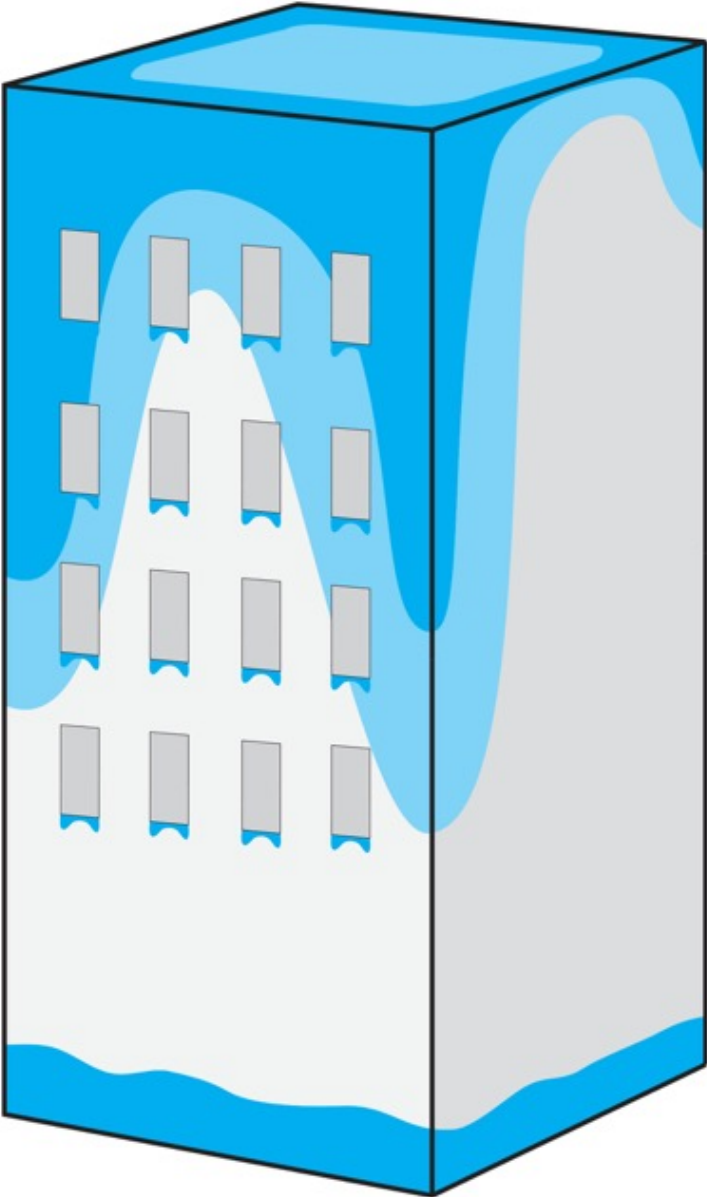
# Context

# Stucco Evolved As A Barrier System

# Mass Wall Evolution















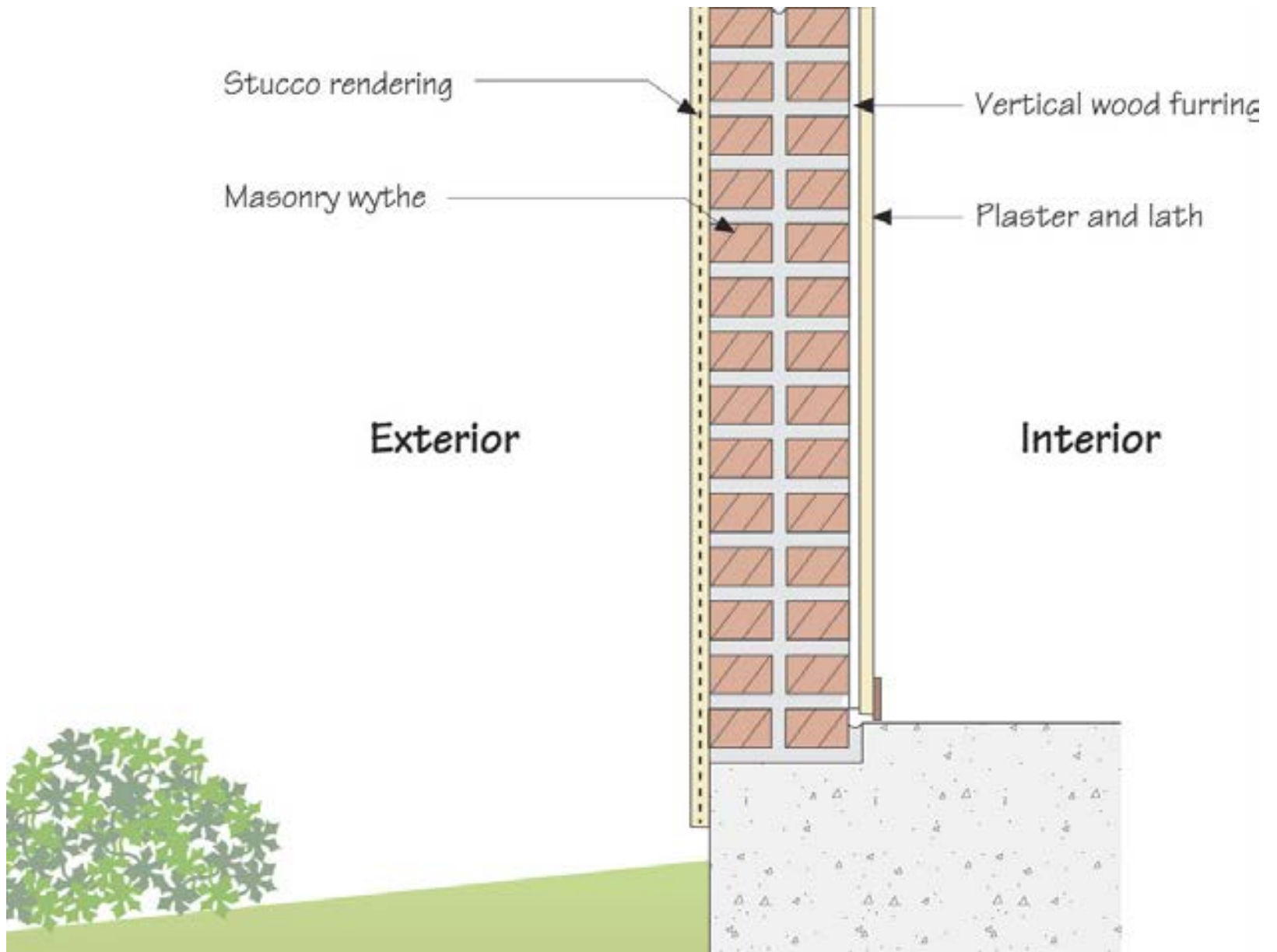






























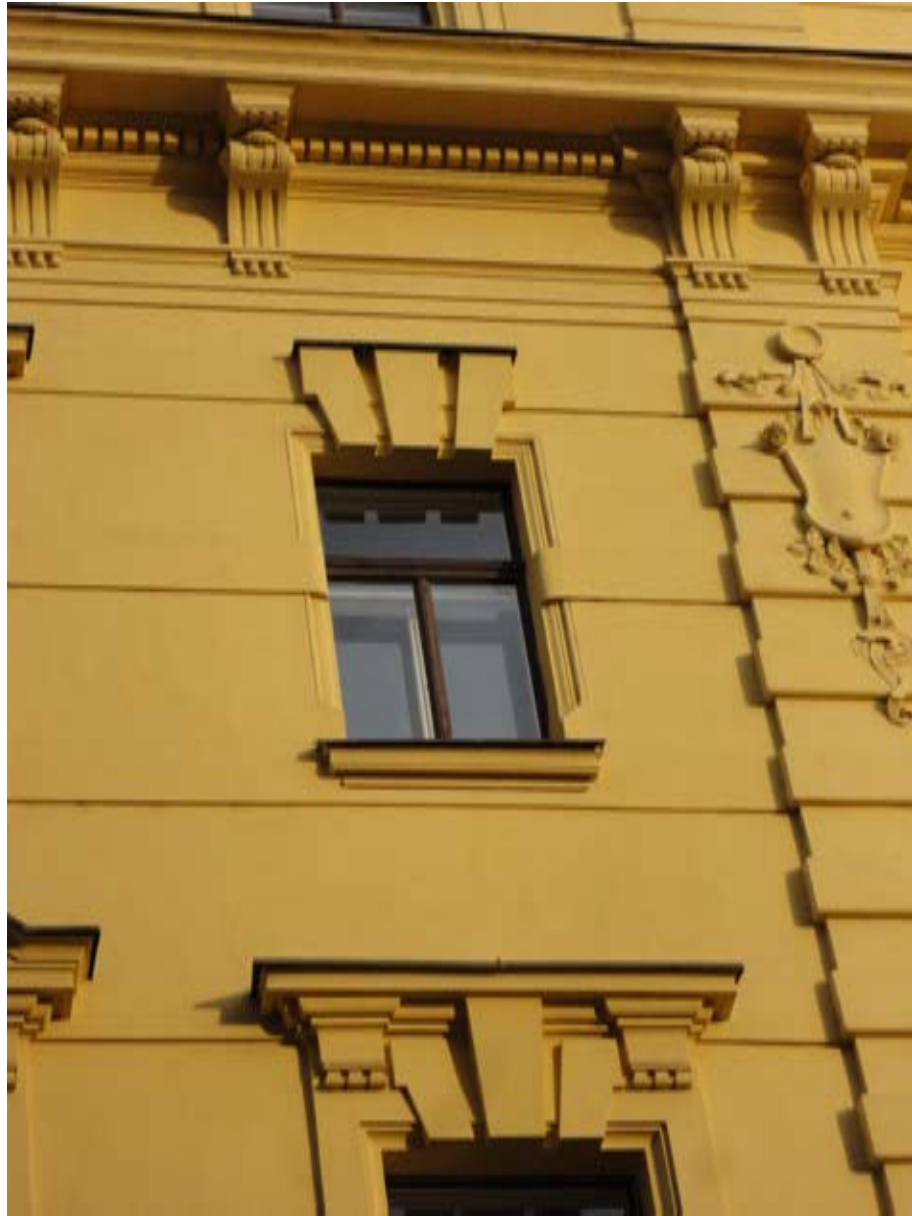




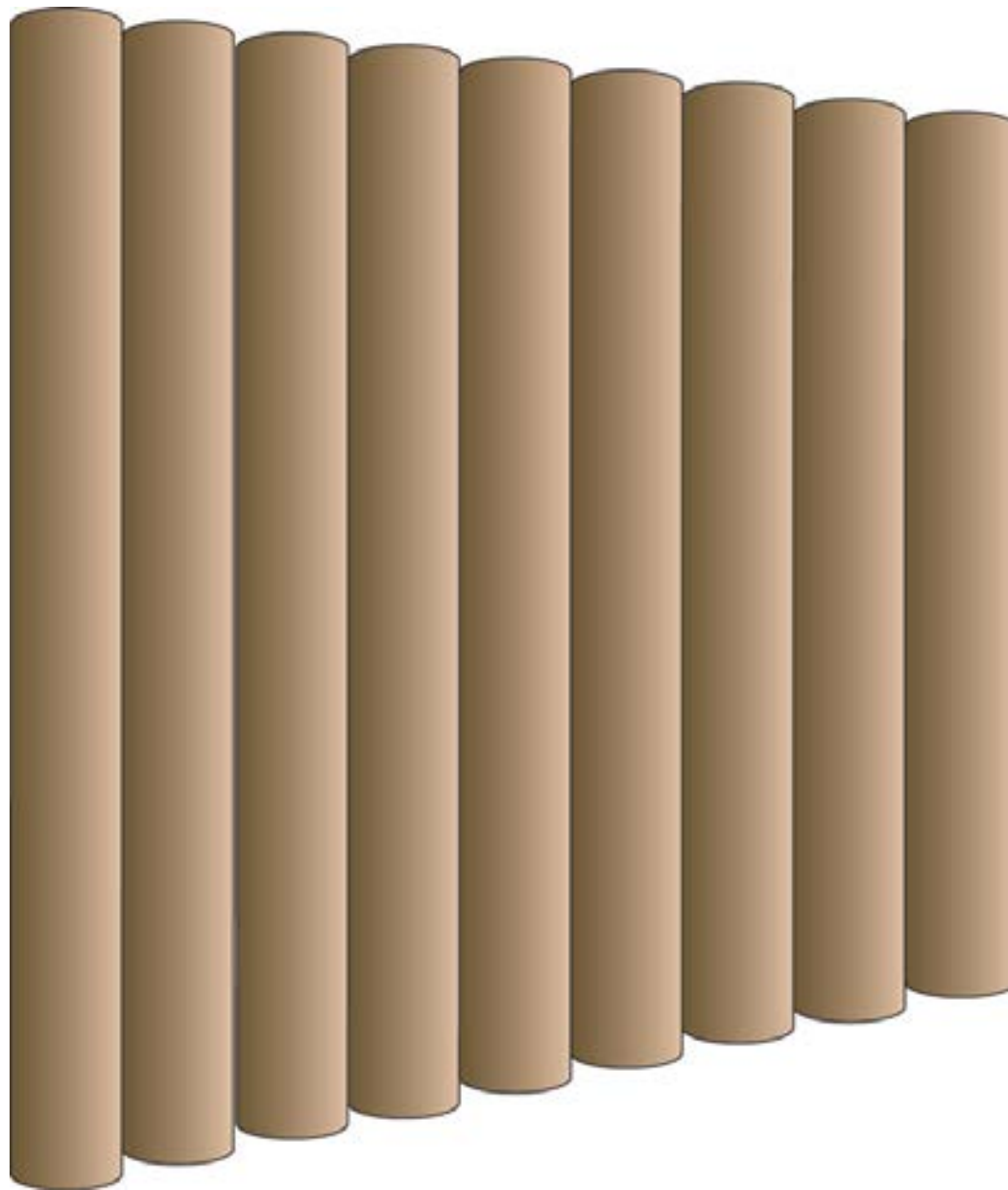


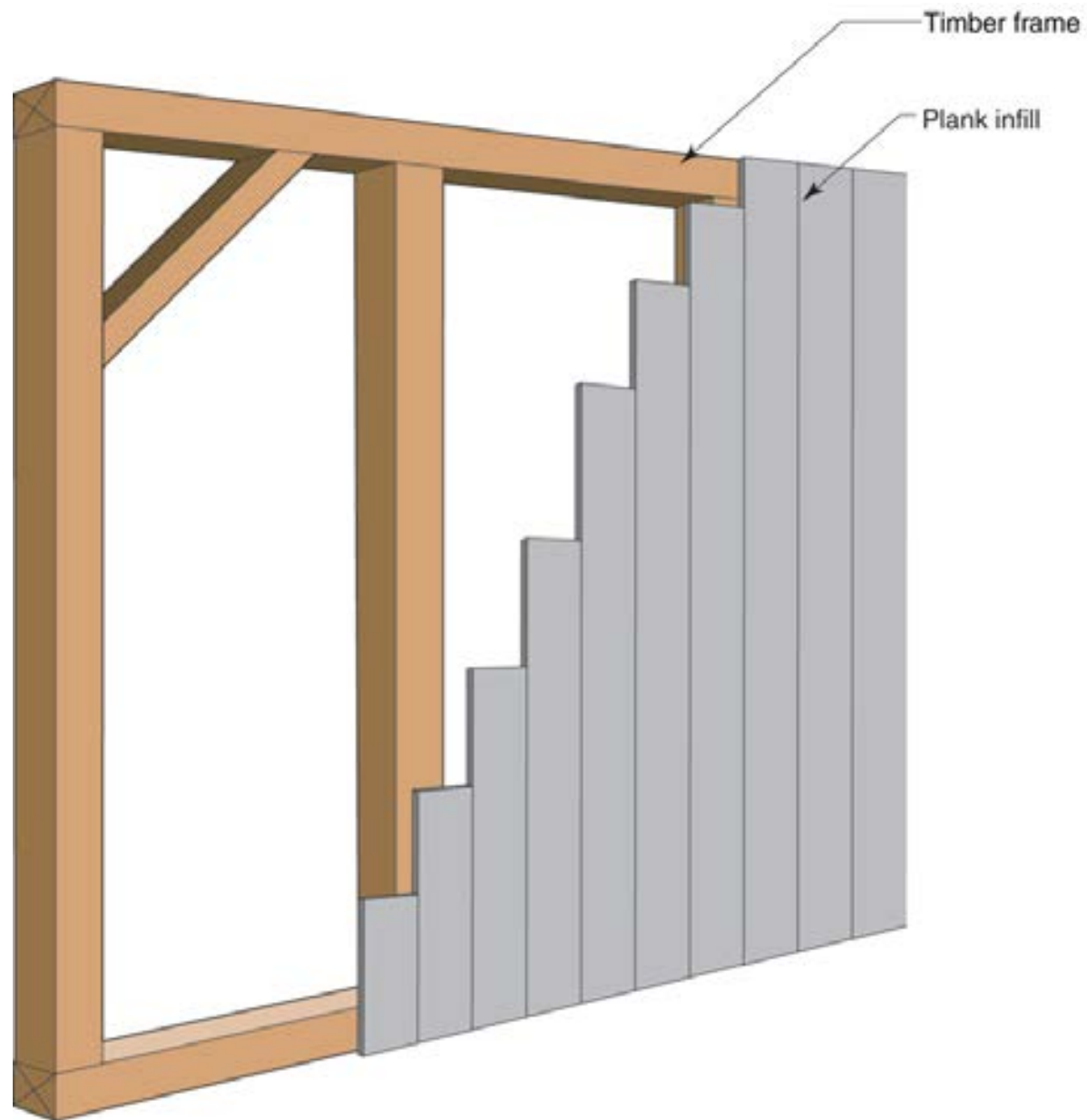




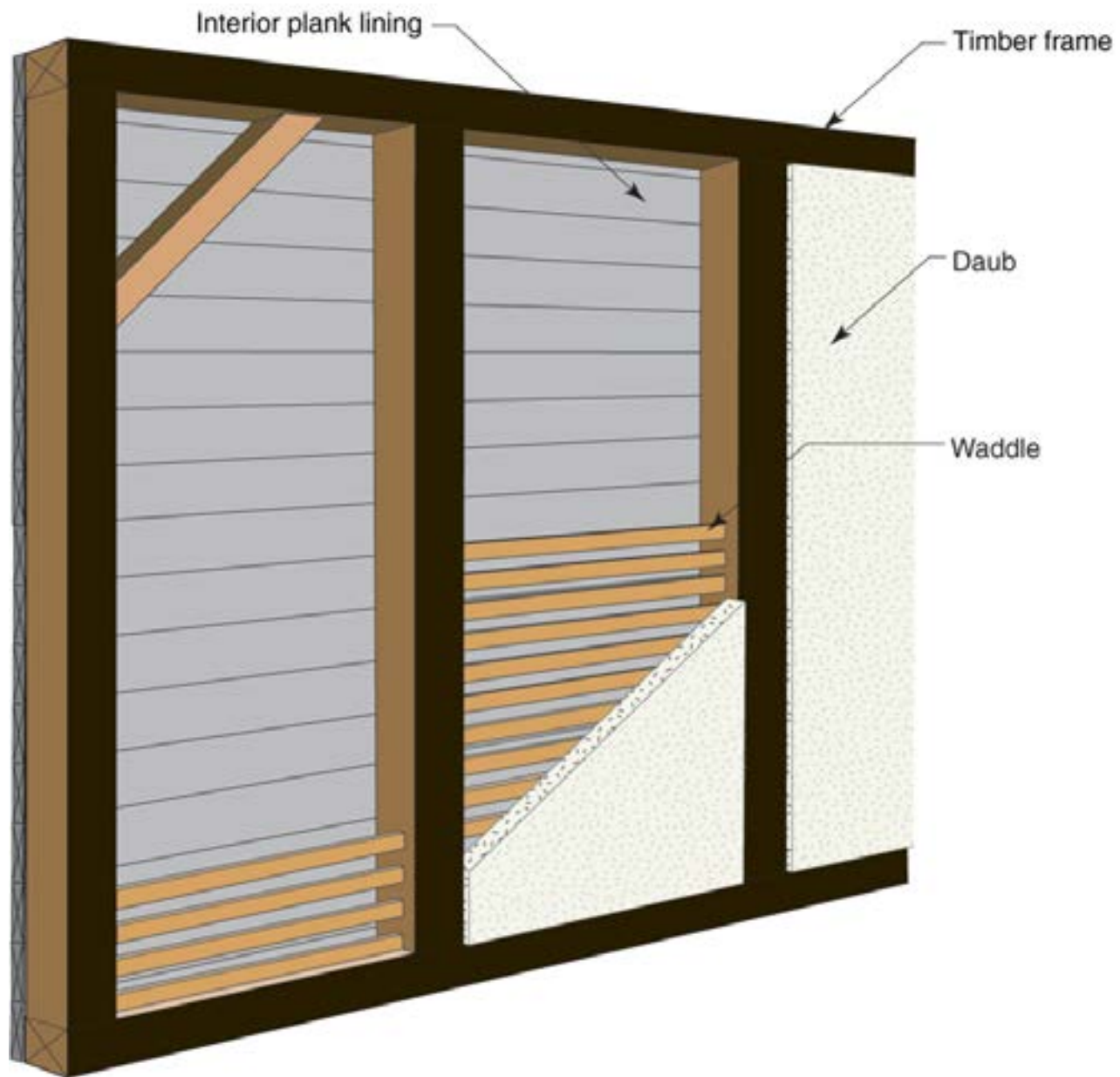


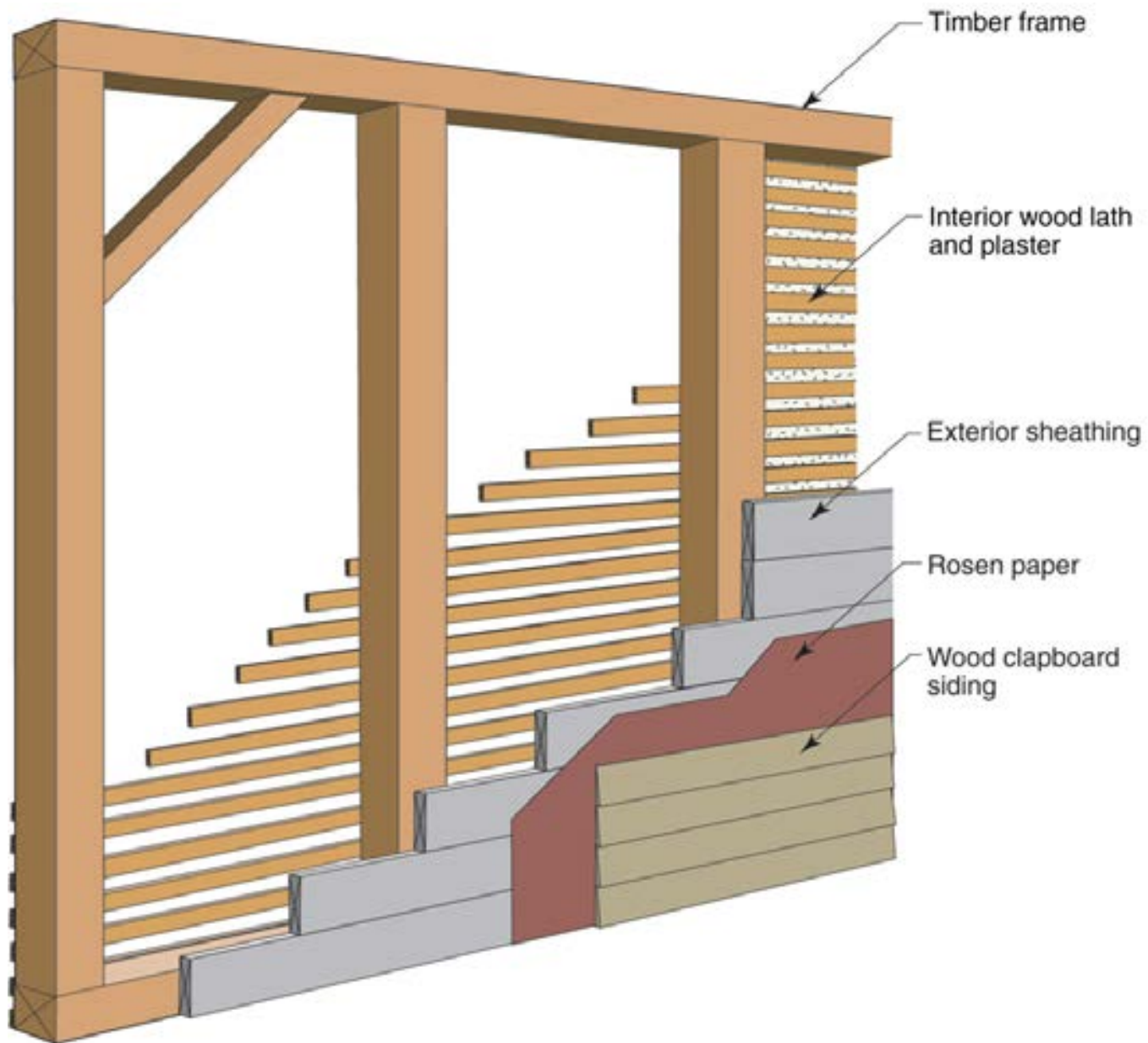
# Frame Wall Evolution

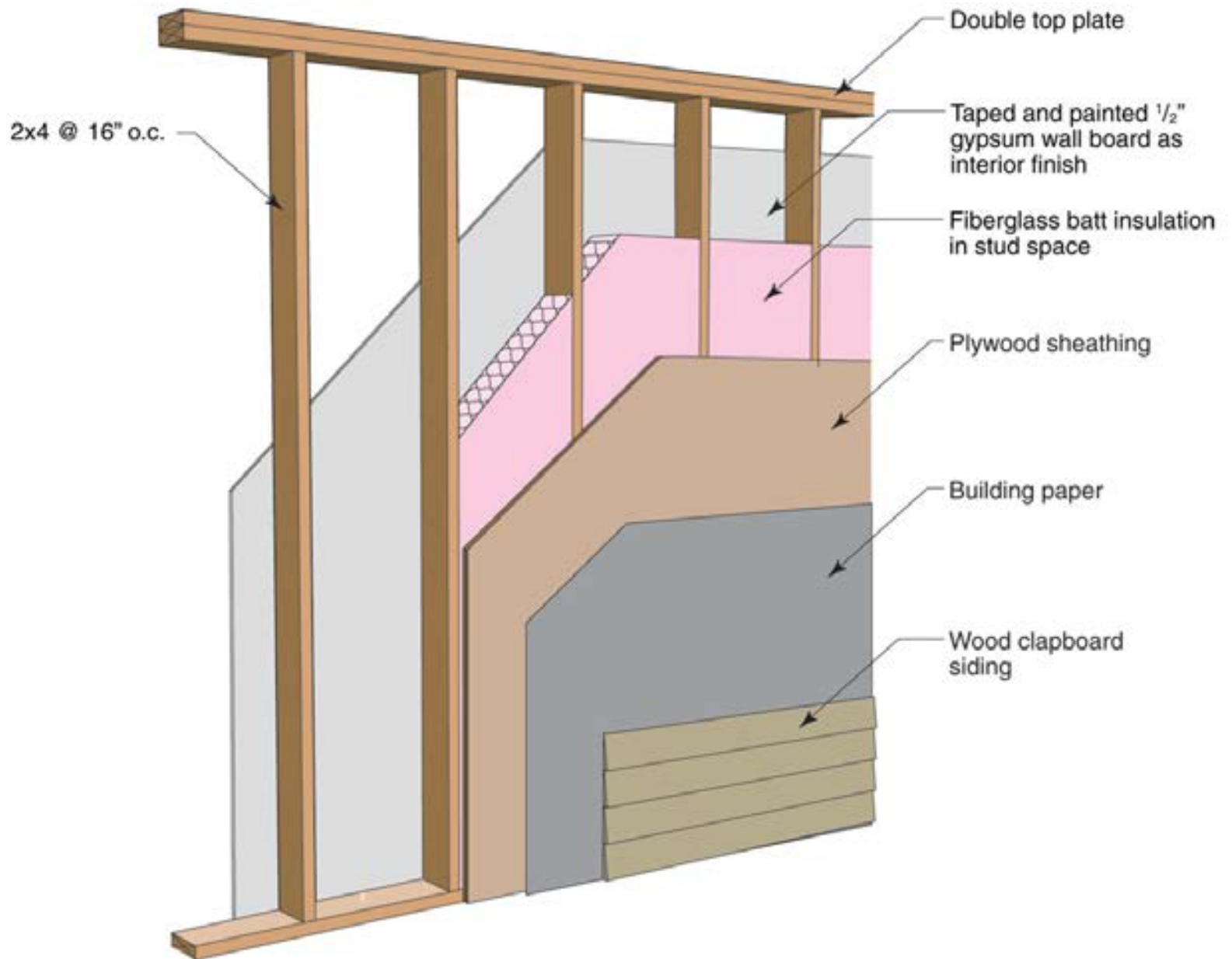


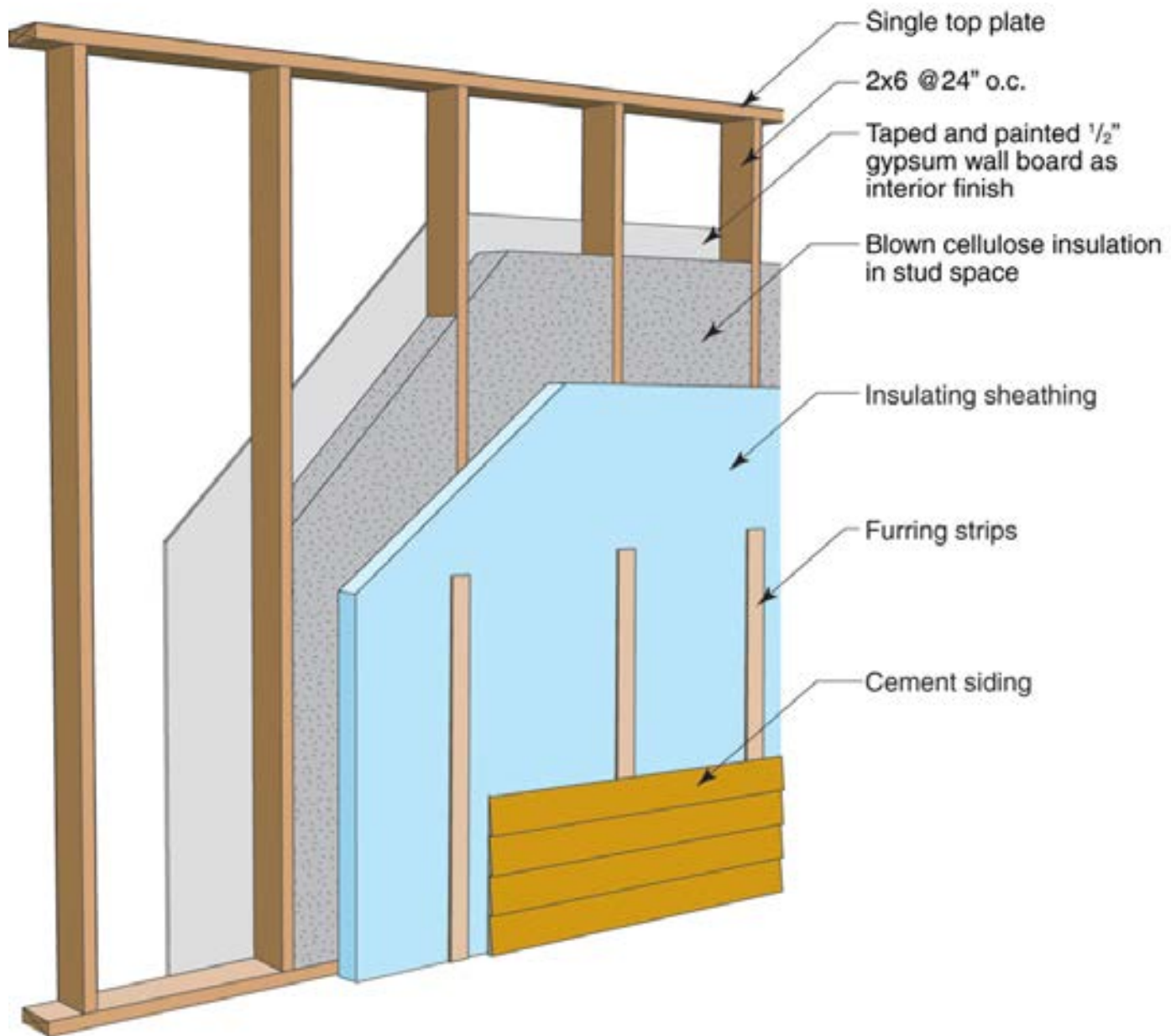




































# Recent History



# Exterior Insulation Finish Systems

## EIFS



# Exterior Insulation Finish Systems

EIFS

Barrier System

Face-Sealed Not Water Managed









Life Is Hard Enough As It Is



It's Harder When You Are Stupid

Don't Do Stupid Things







# Side Trip To Vancouver....

Side Trip To Vancouver....

Vancouver Condo Crisis....

Should Have Put Everyone on Notice

















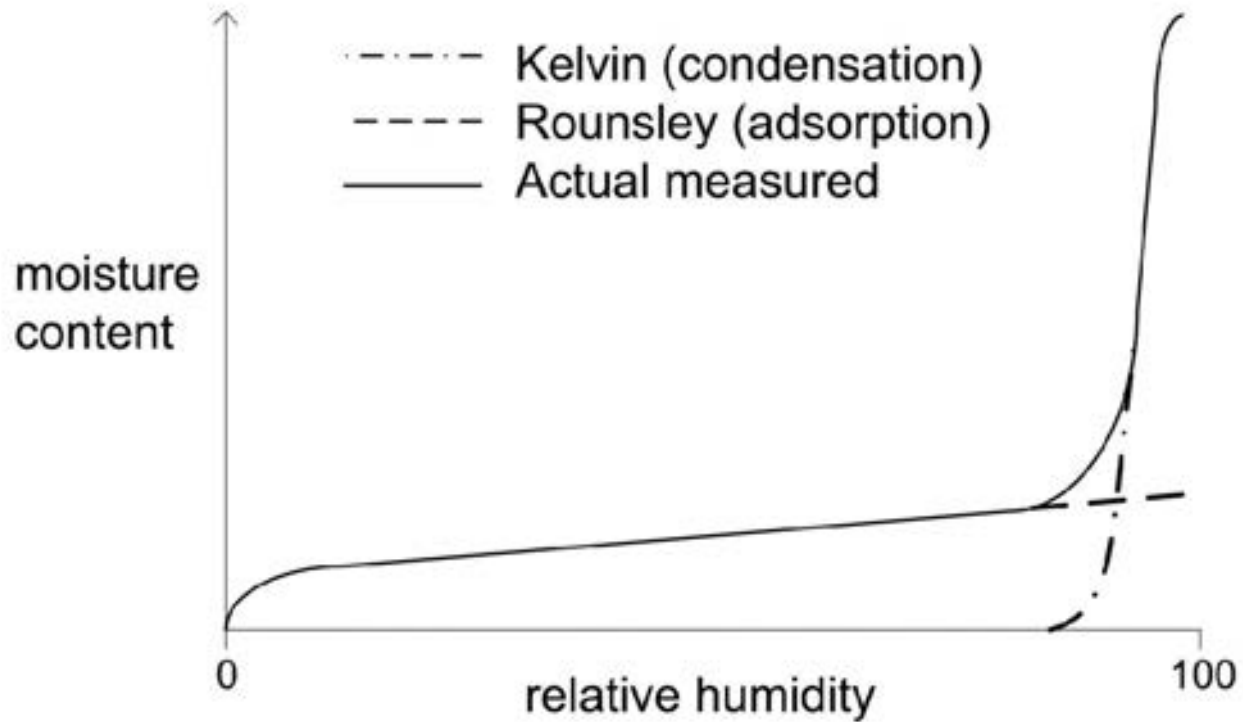




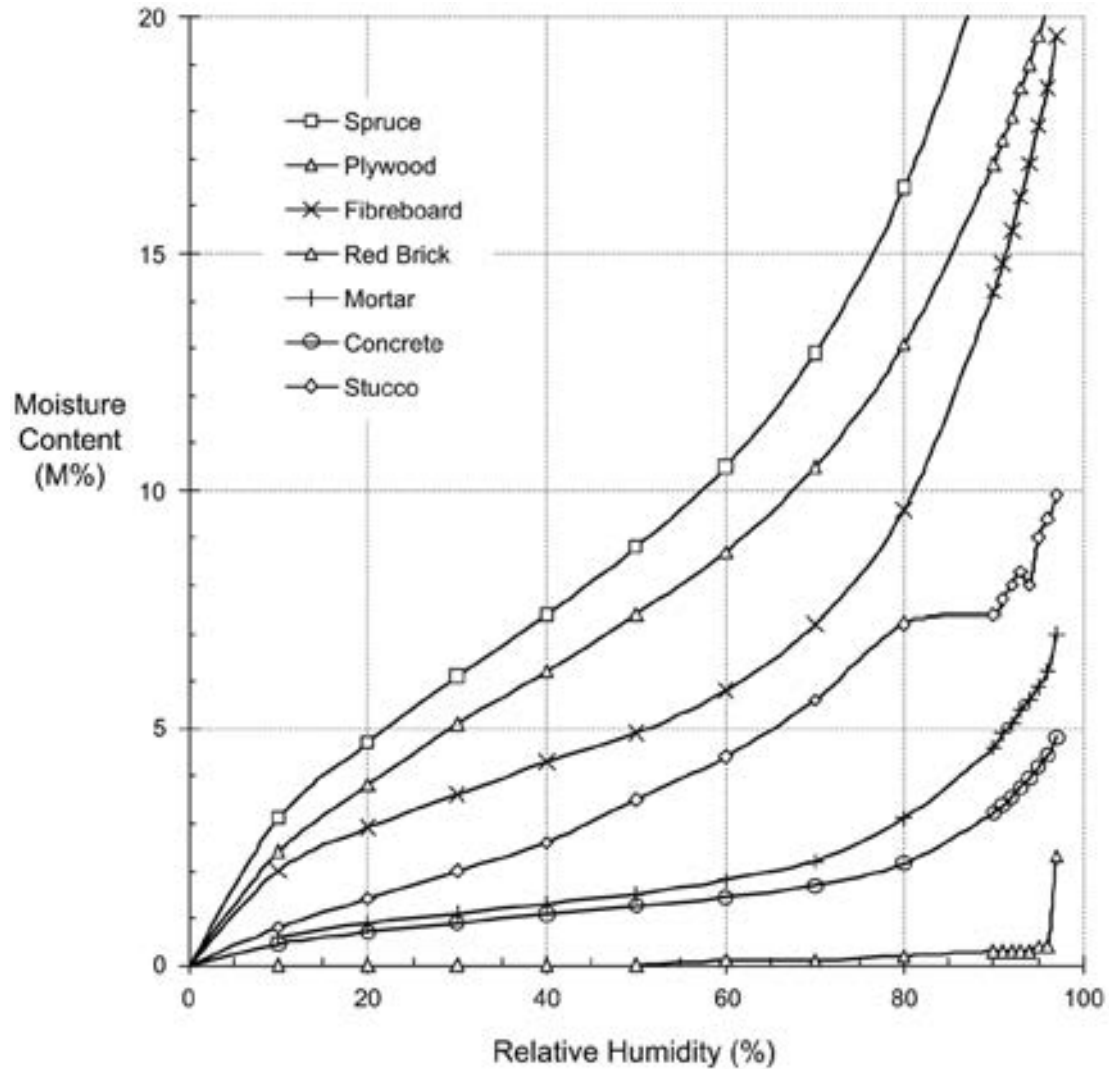


What Happened In Vancouver?  
OSB Instead of Plywood  
Non Traditional Building Wraps  
Interior Vapor Barriers  
Increased Thermal Resistance  
Portland Cement Instead of Lime

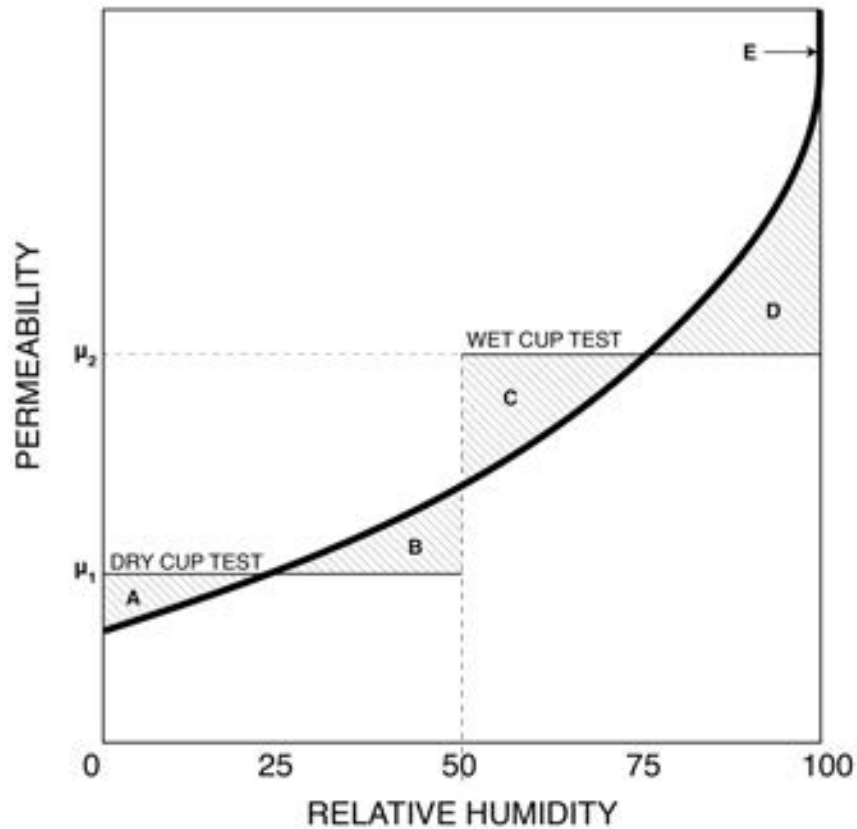
# Materials Inward Drive Energy



**Typical predicted sorption isotherm according to Kelvin equation  
and modified BET theory**  
From Straube & Burnett, 2005



Sorption isotherm for several building materials [Kumaran 2002]  
 From Straube & Burnett, 2005

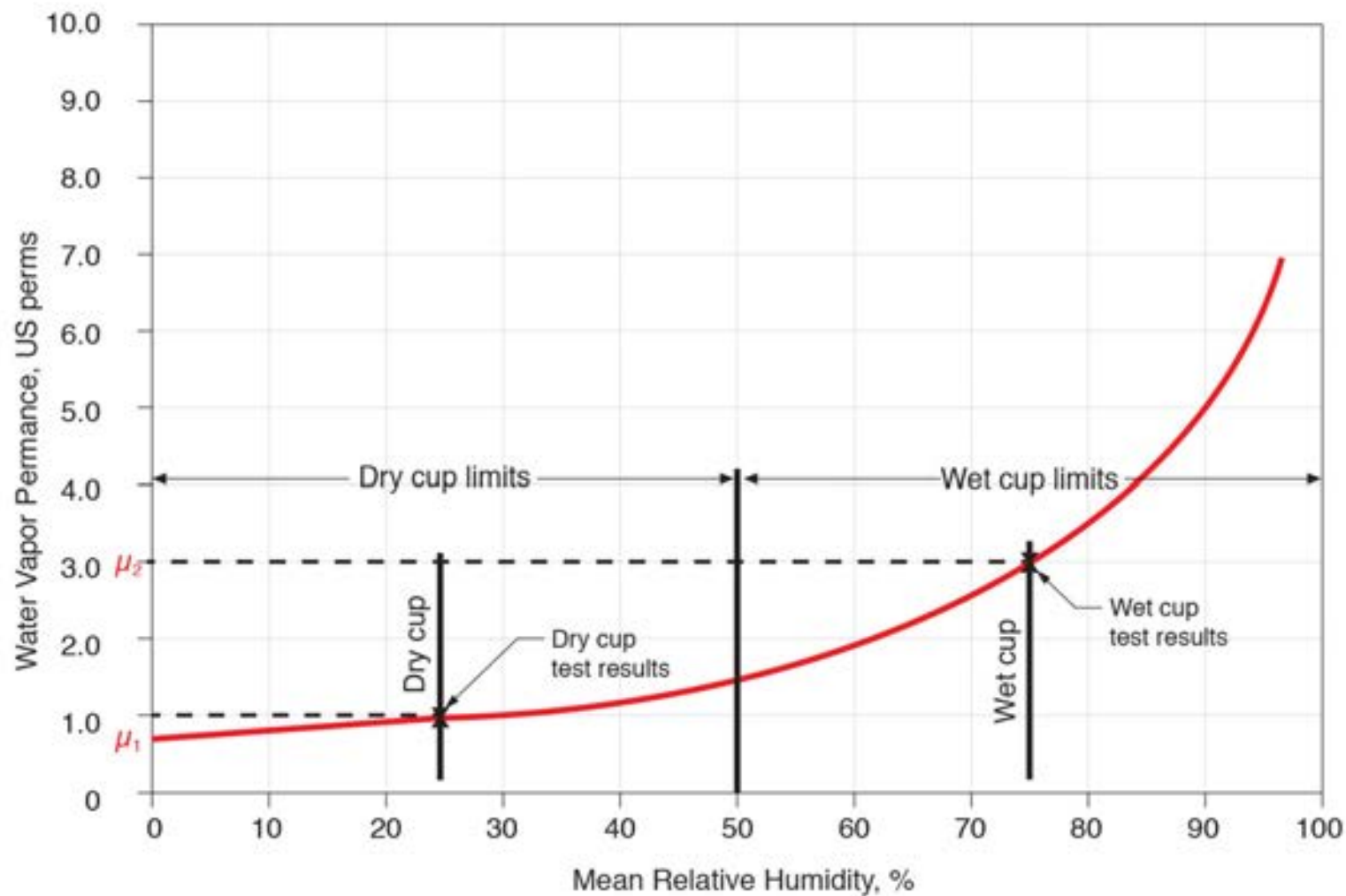


- A - Single-layer of absorbed molecules
- B - Multiple layers of absorbed molecules
- C - Interconnected layers (internal capillary condensation)
- D - Free water in pores, capillary suction
- E - Supersaturated regime

Relationship between Dry Cup and Wet Cup  
Adapted from Joy & Wilson, 1963



## Water Vapor Permeance vs. Relative Humidity



$\mu_1$  = Dry cup permeance

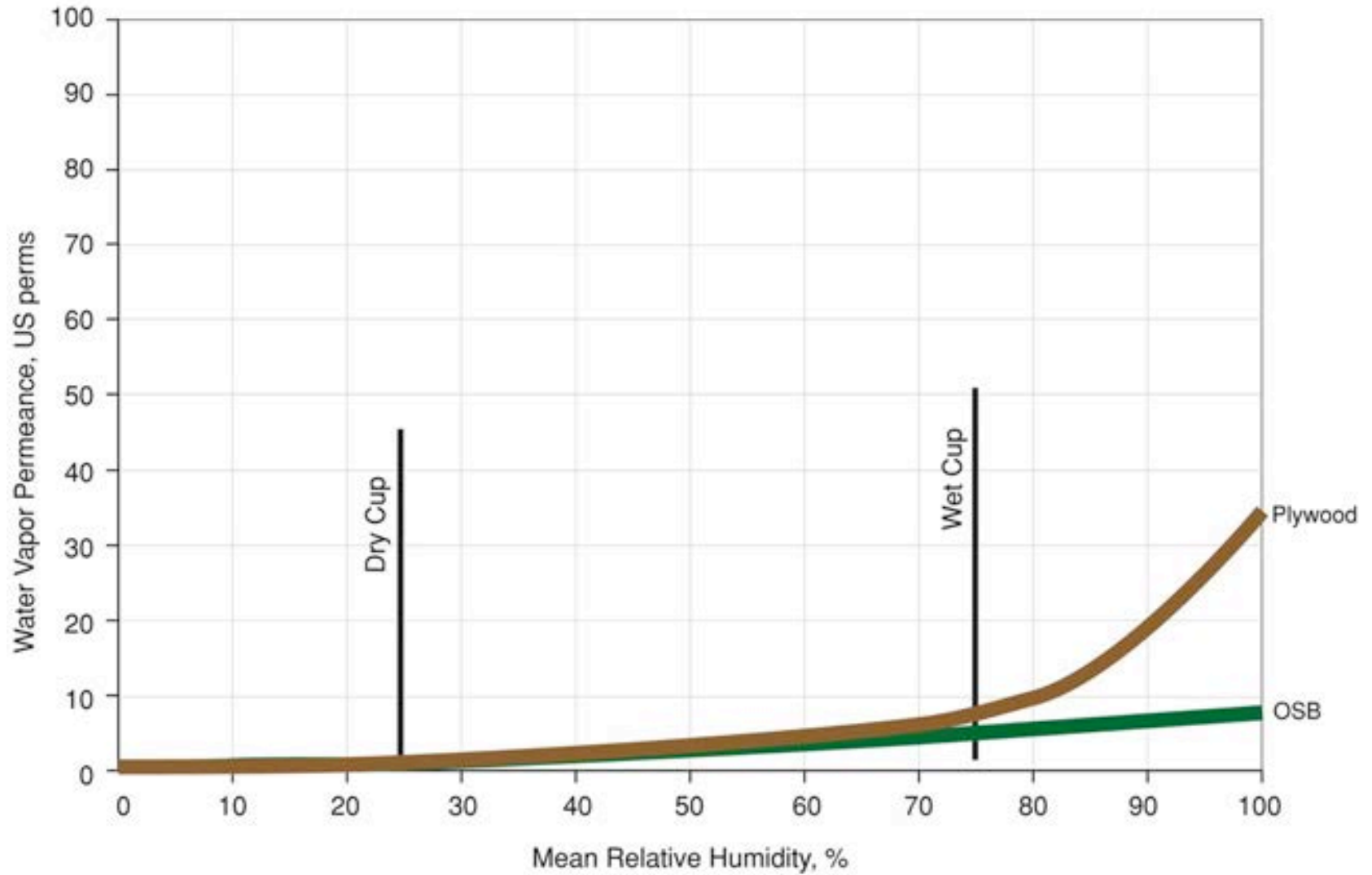
$\mu_2$  = Wet cup permeance



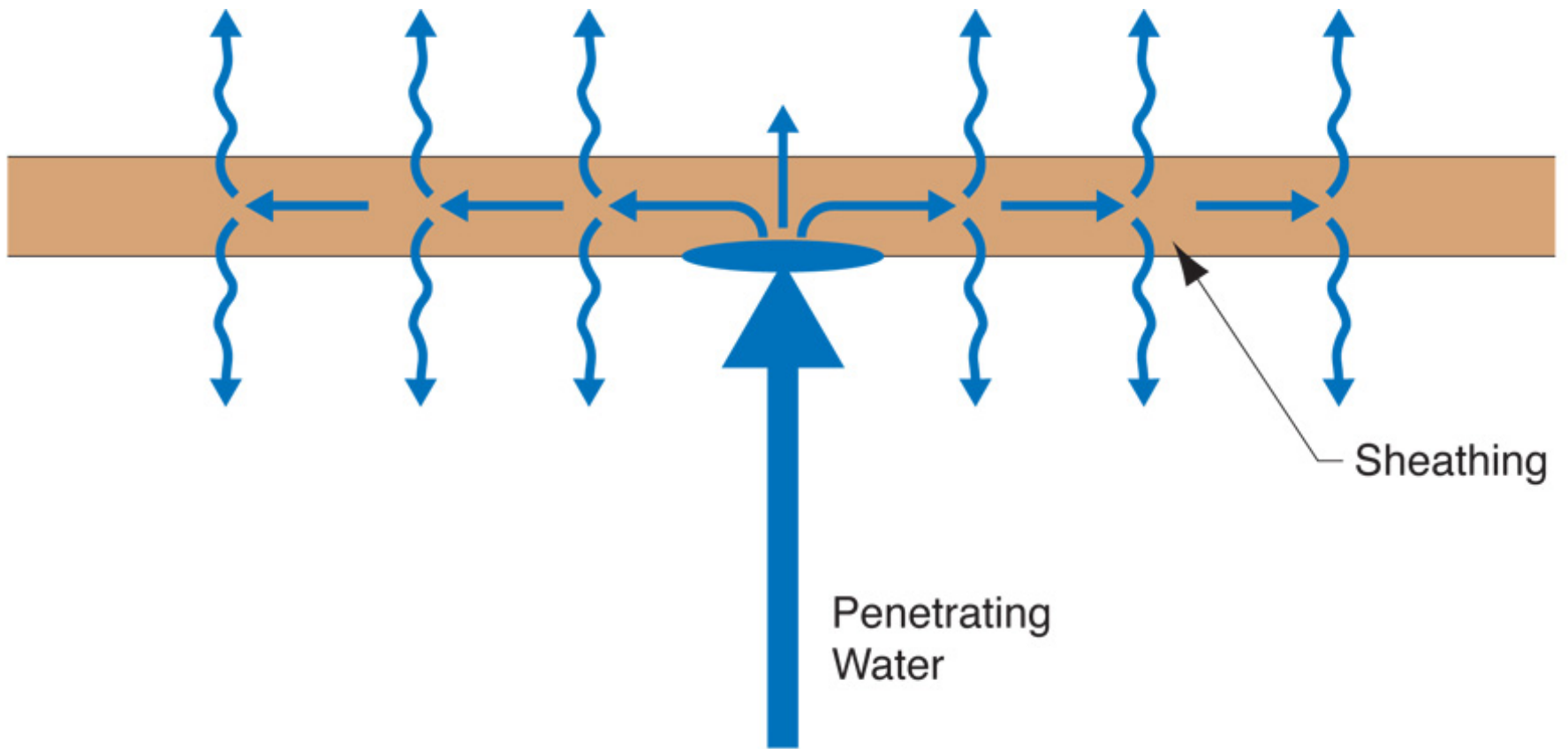


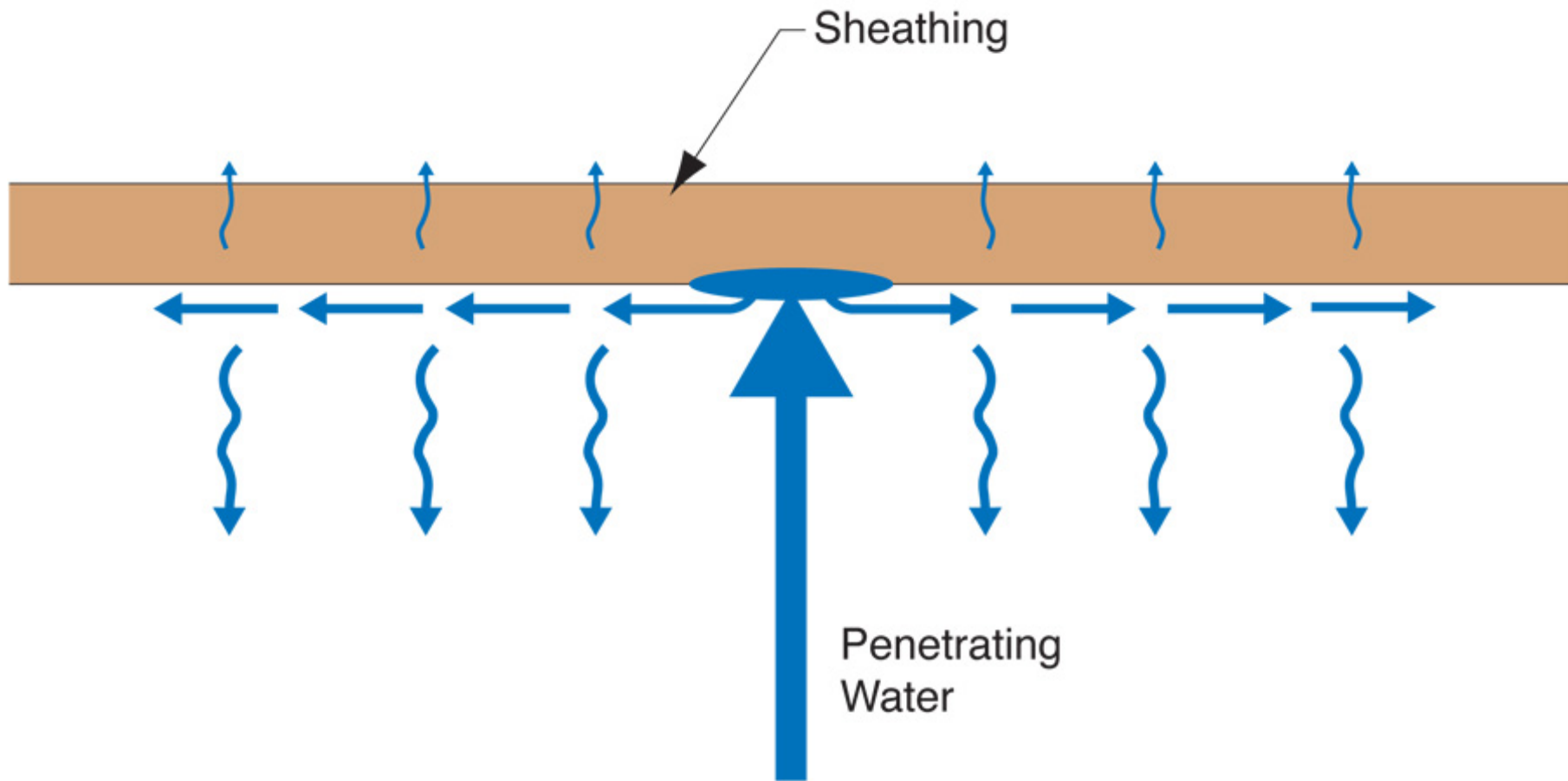


## Water Vapor Permeance of Sheathing Materials

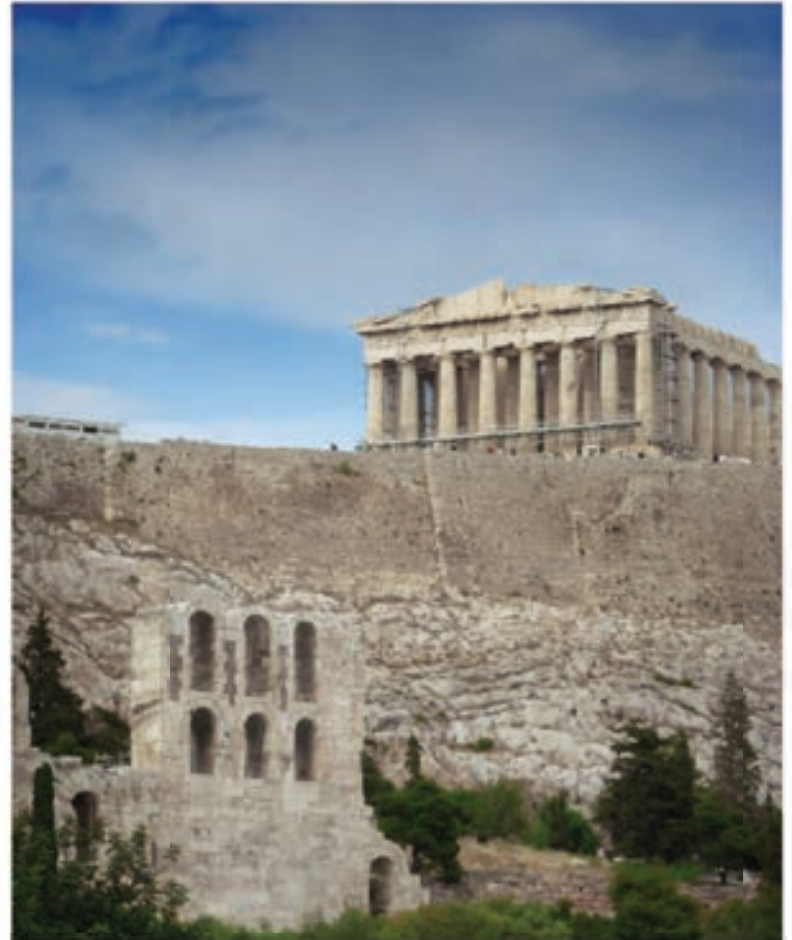














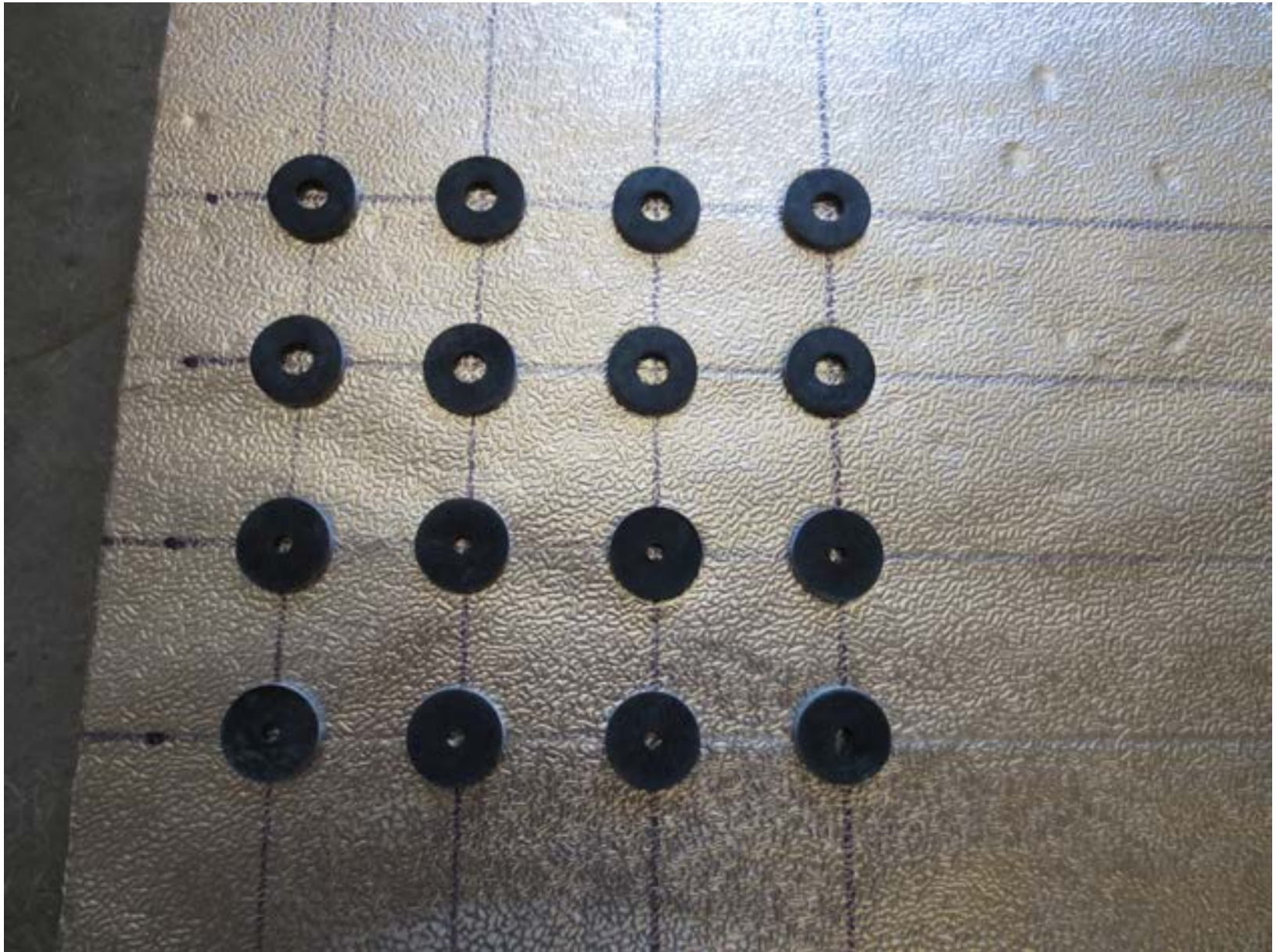




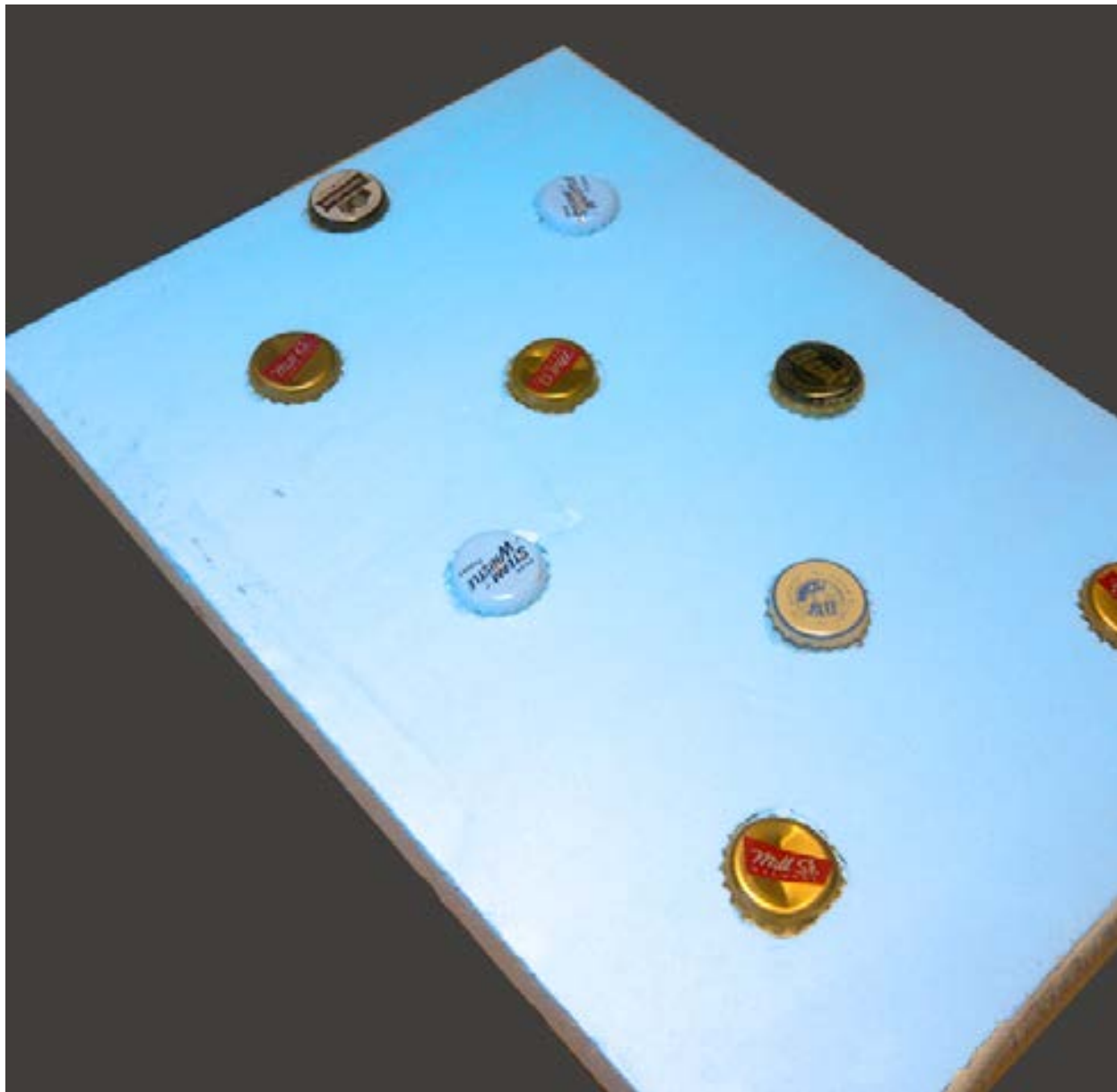


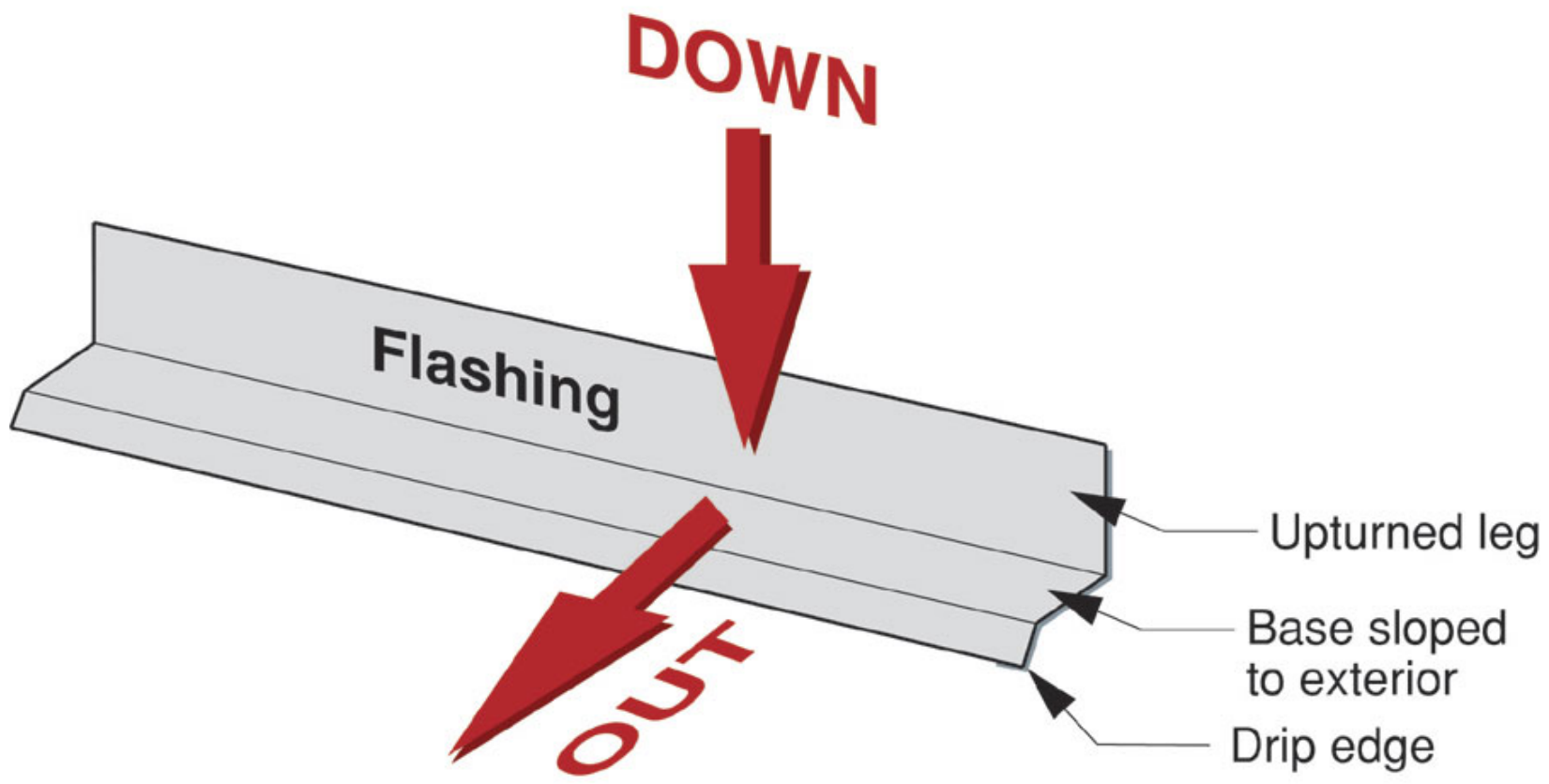


# Rain Screen

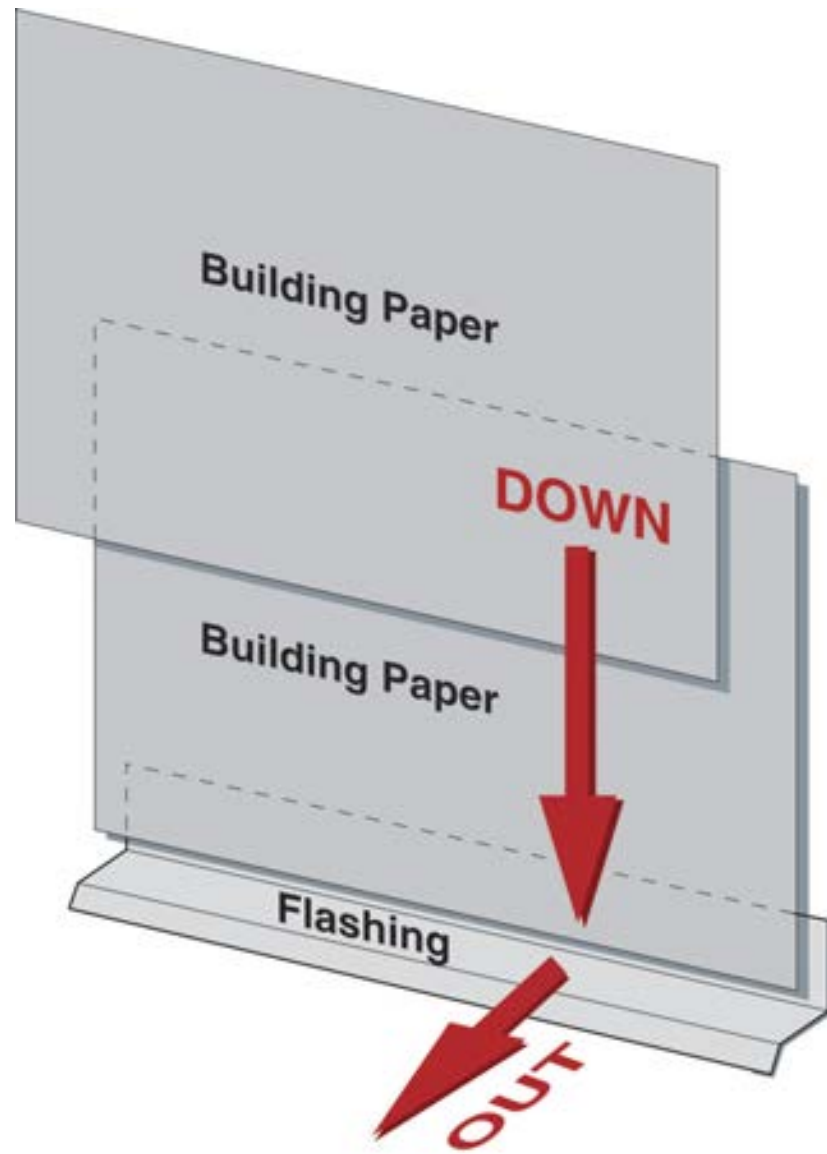


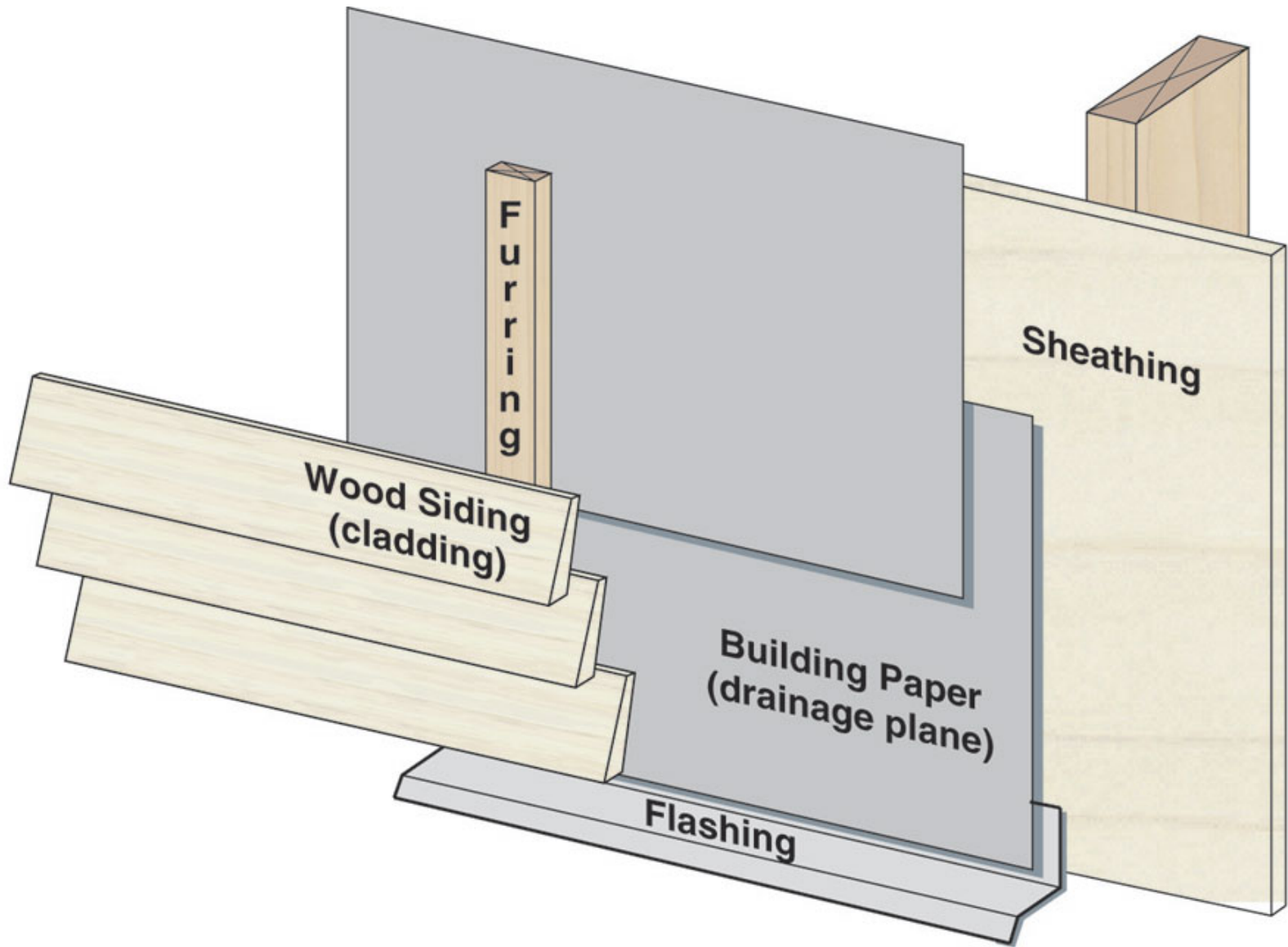
# Beer Screen?

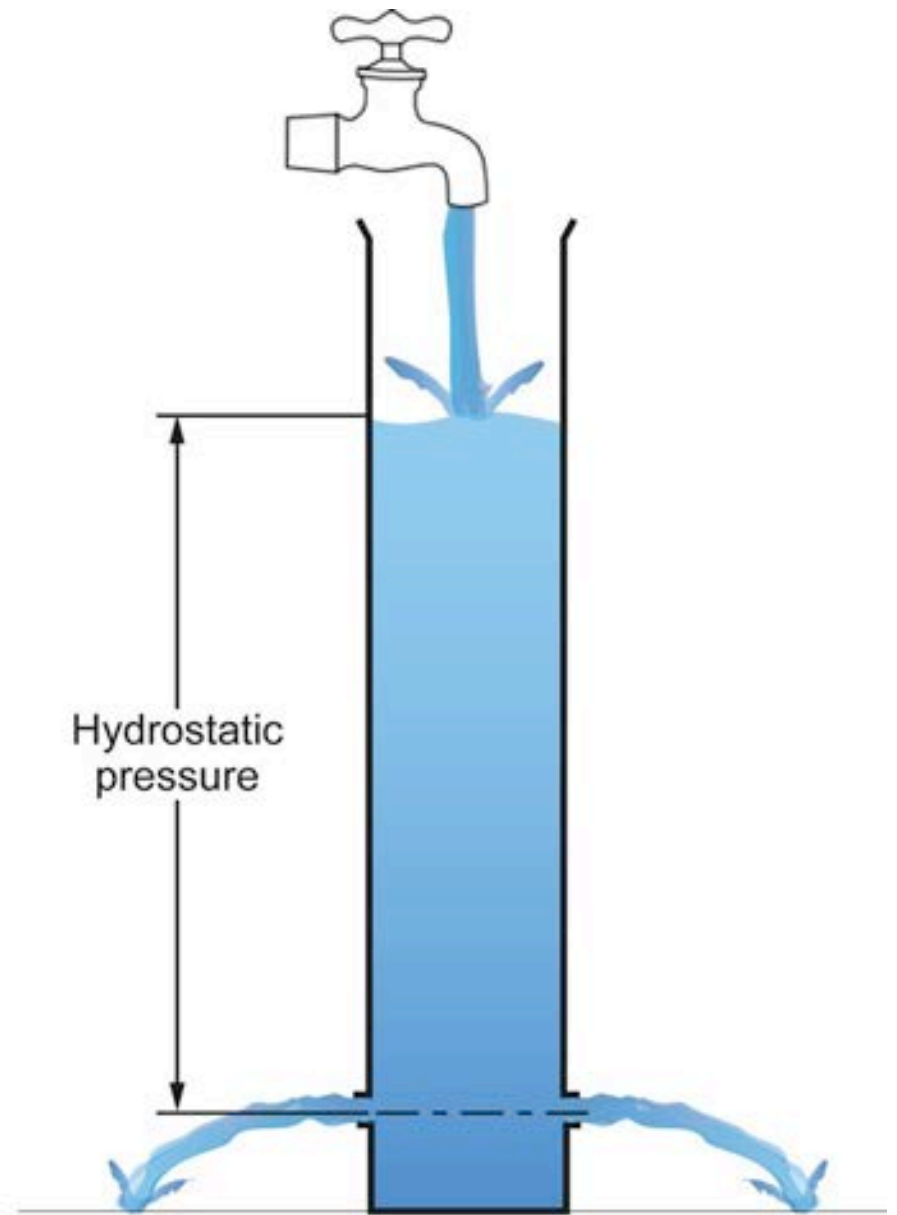
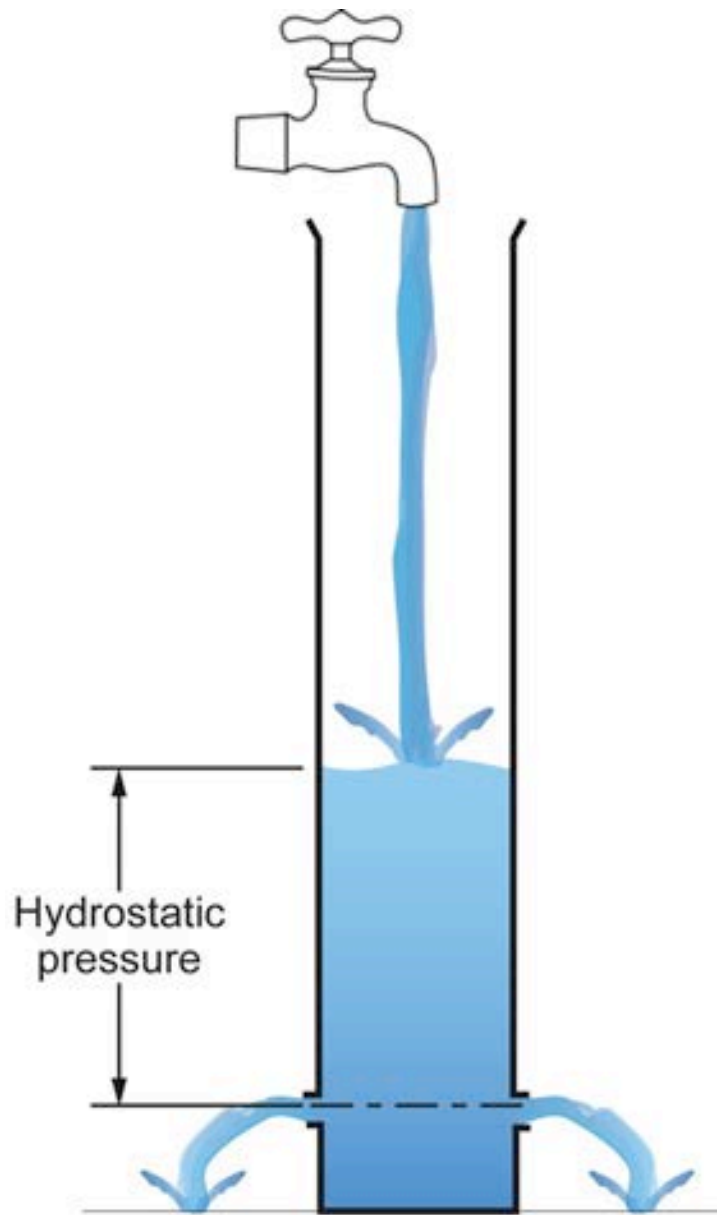




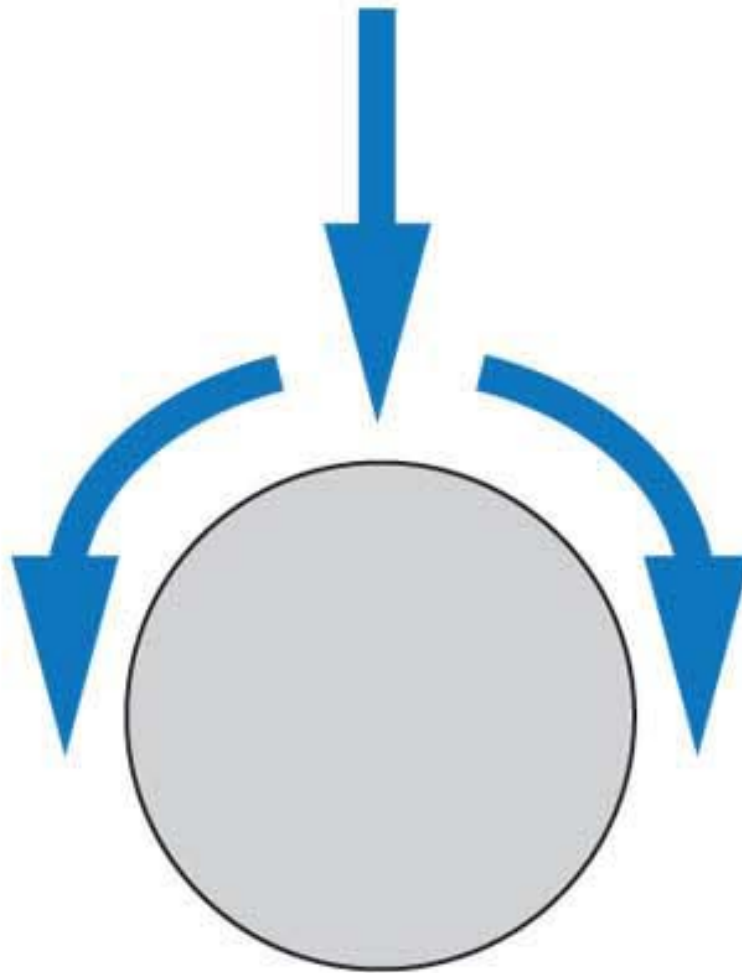


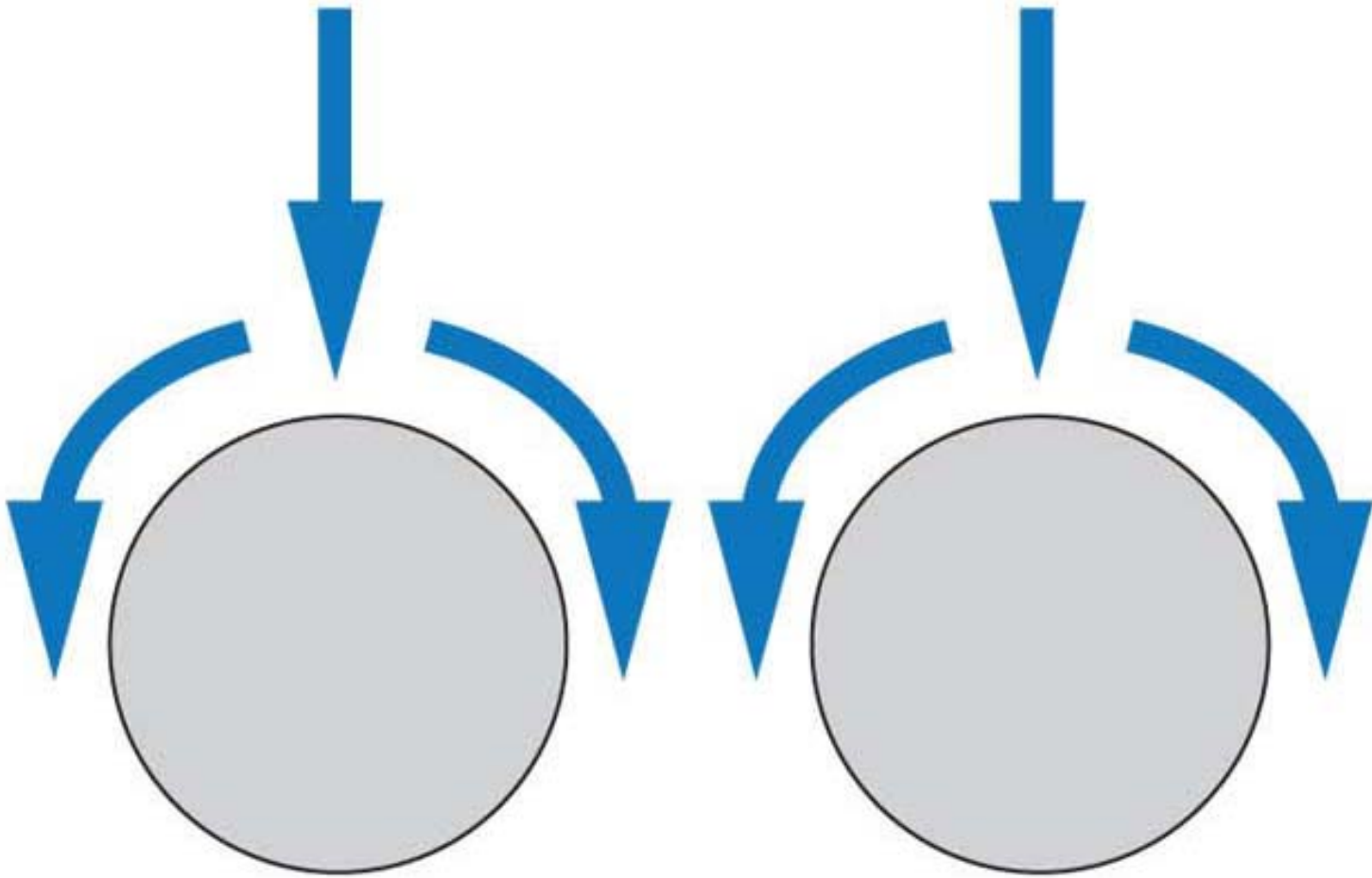


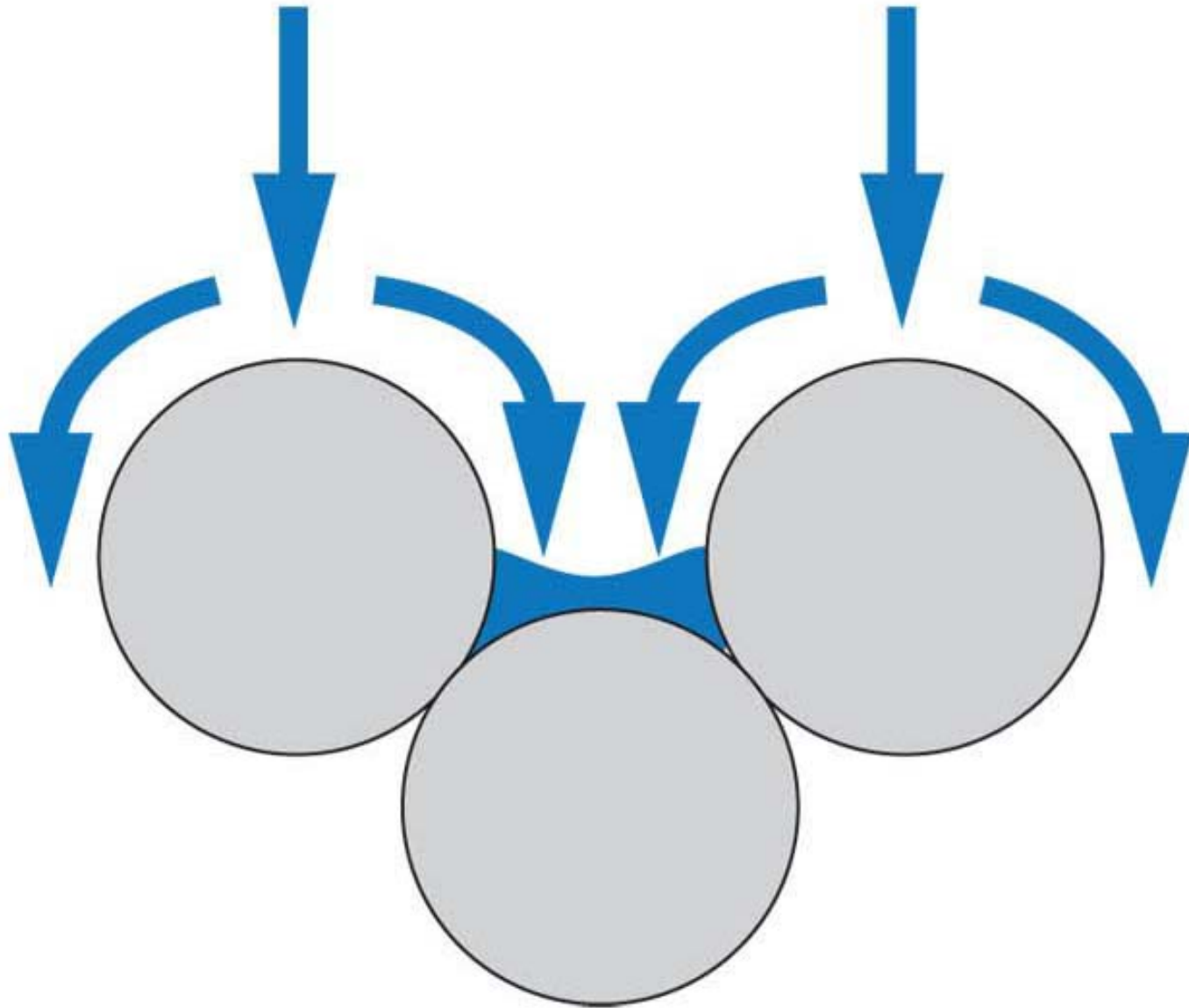


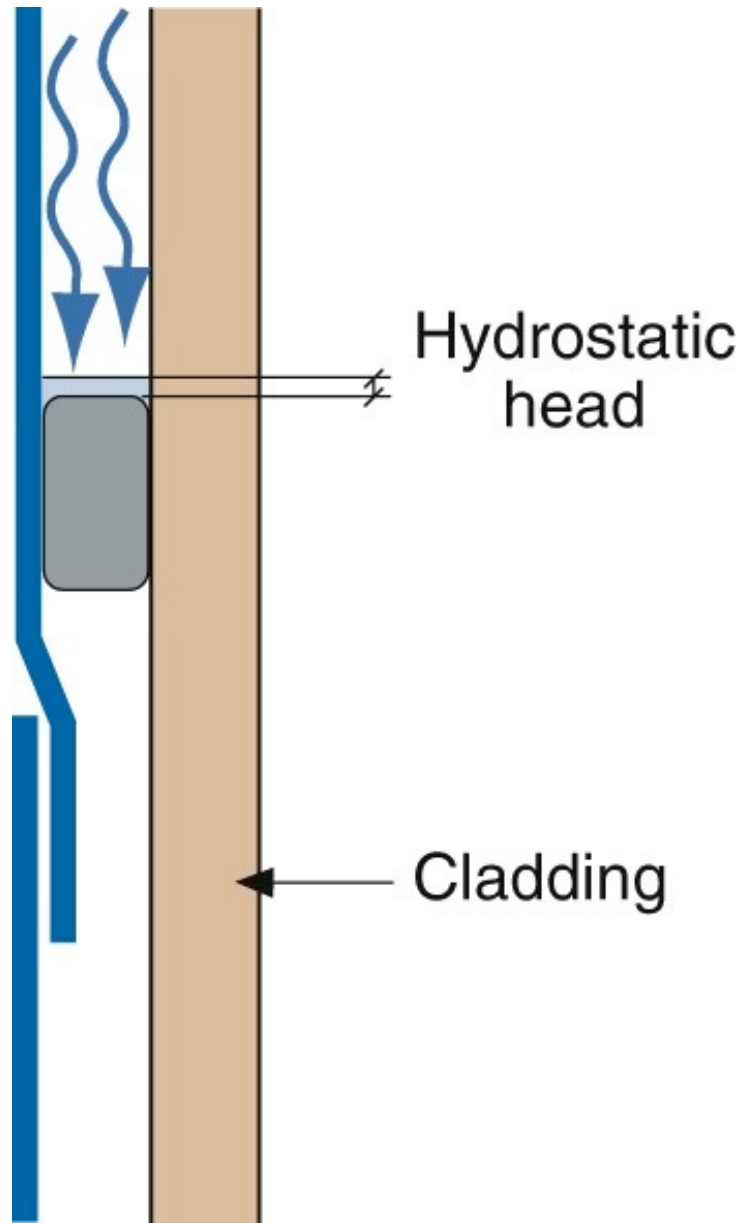




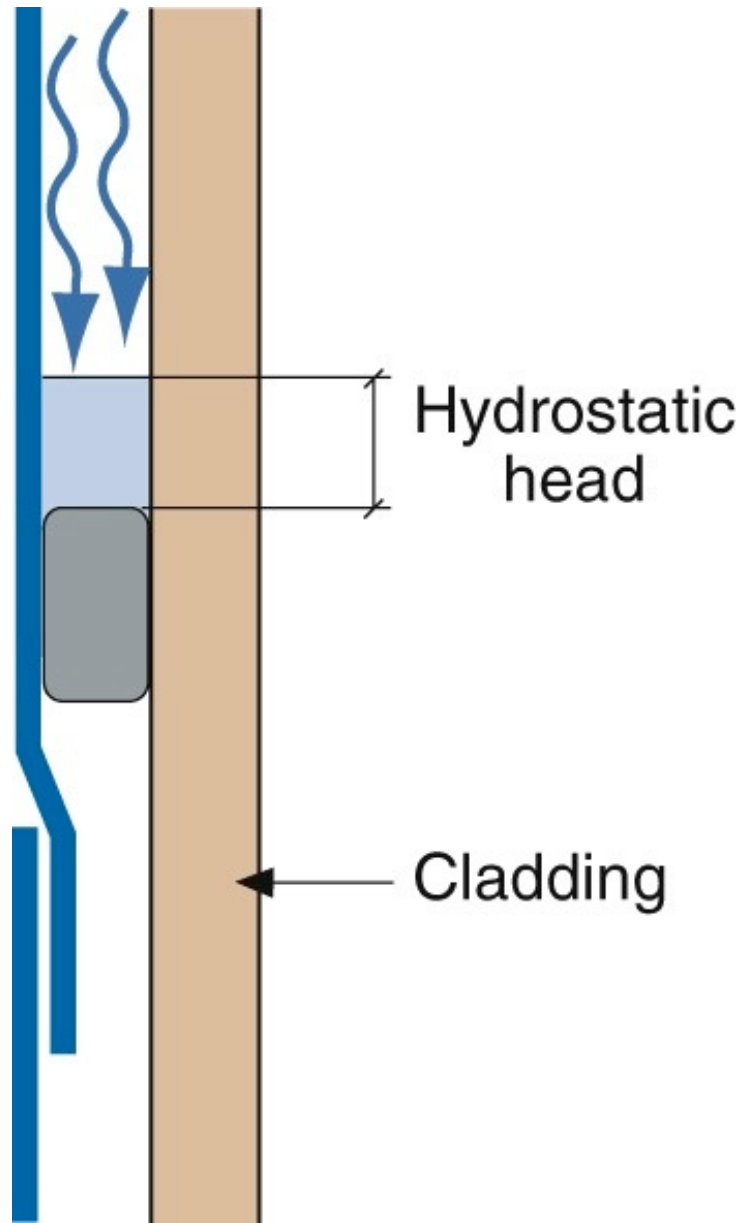


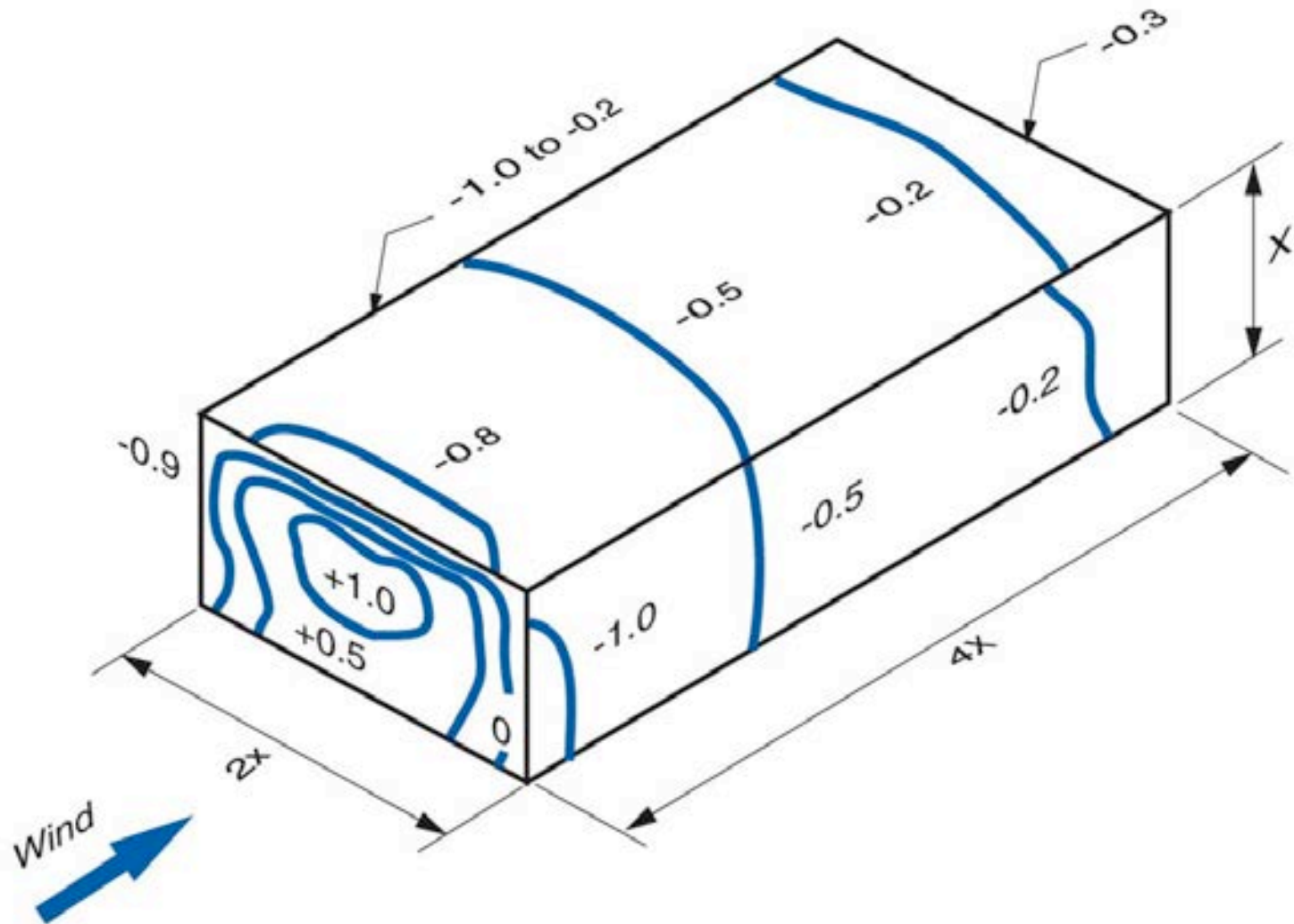




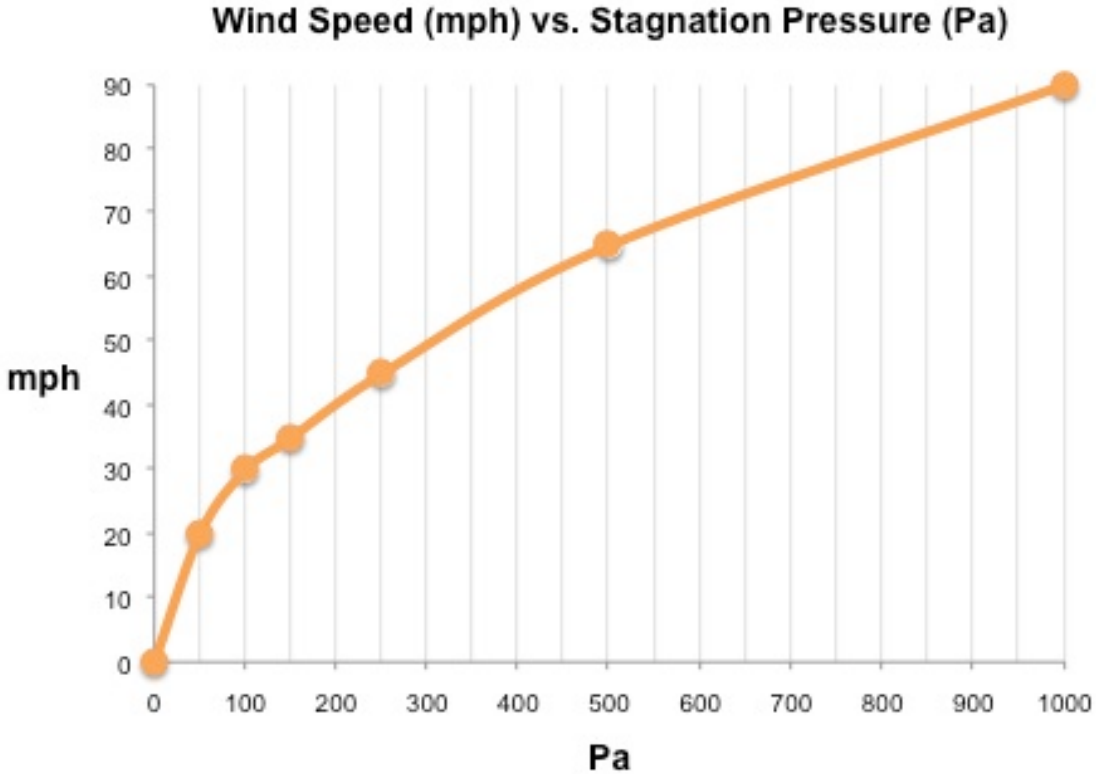








Pascals	mph
50	Pa = 20 mph
100	Pa = 30 mph
150	Pa = 35 mph
250	Pa = 45 mph
500	Pa = 65 mph
1,000	Pa = 90 mph









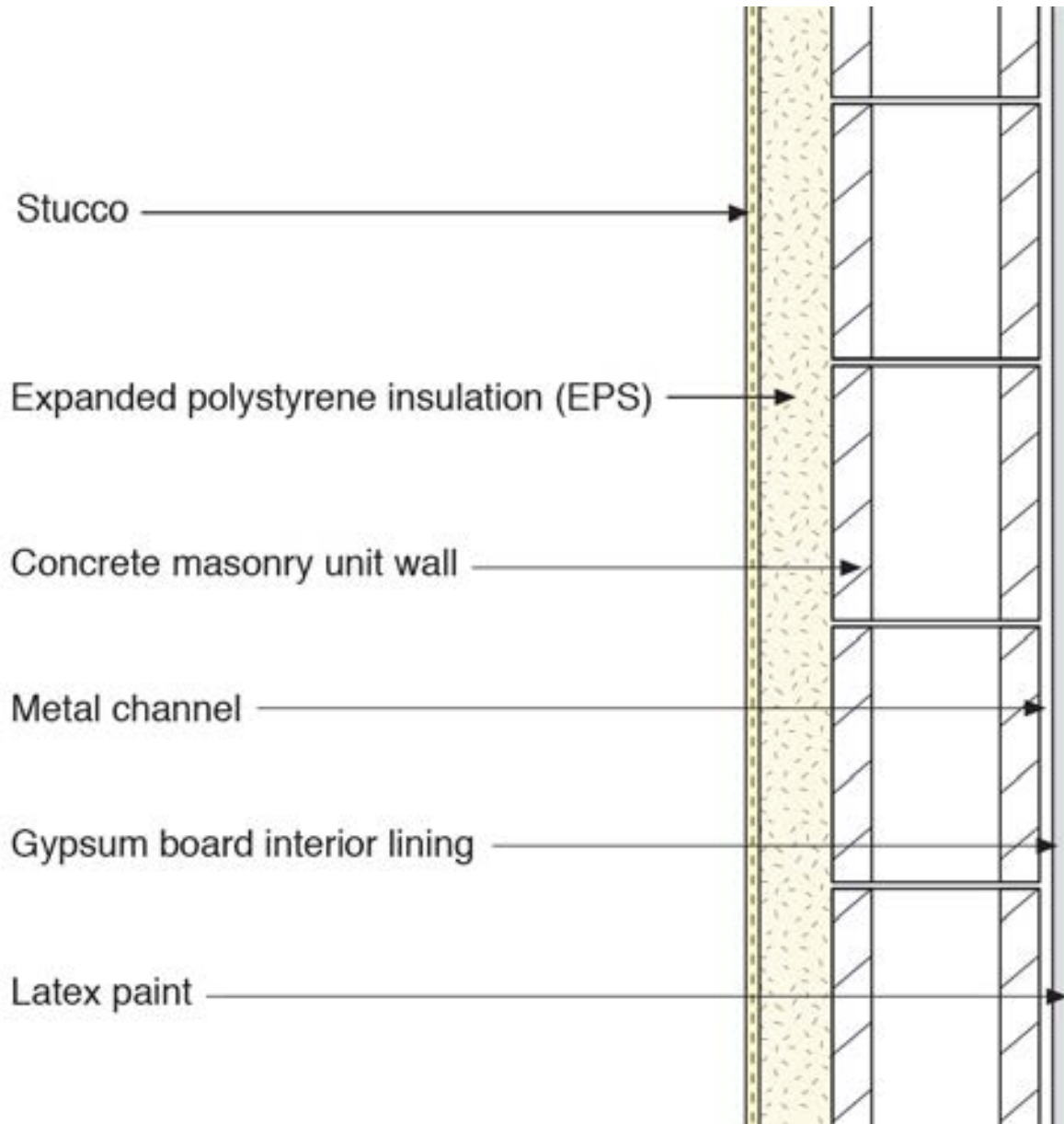


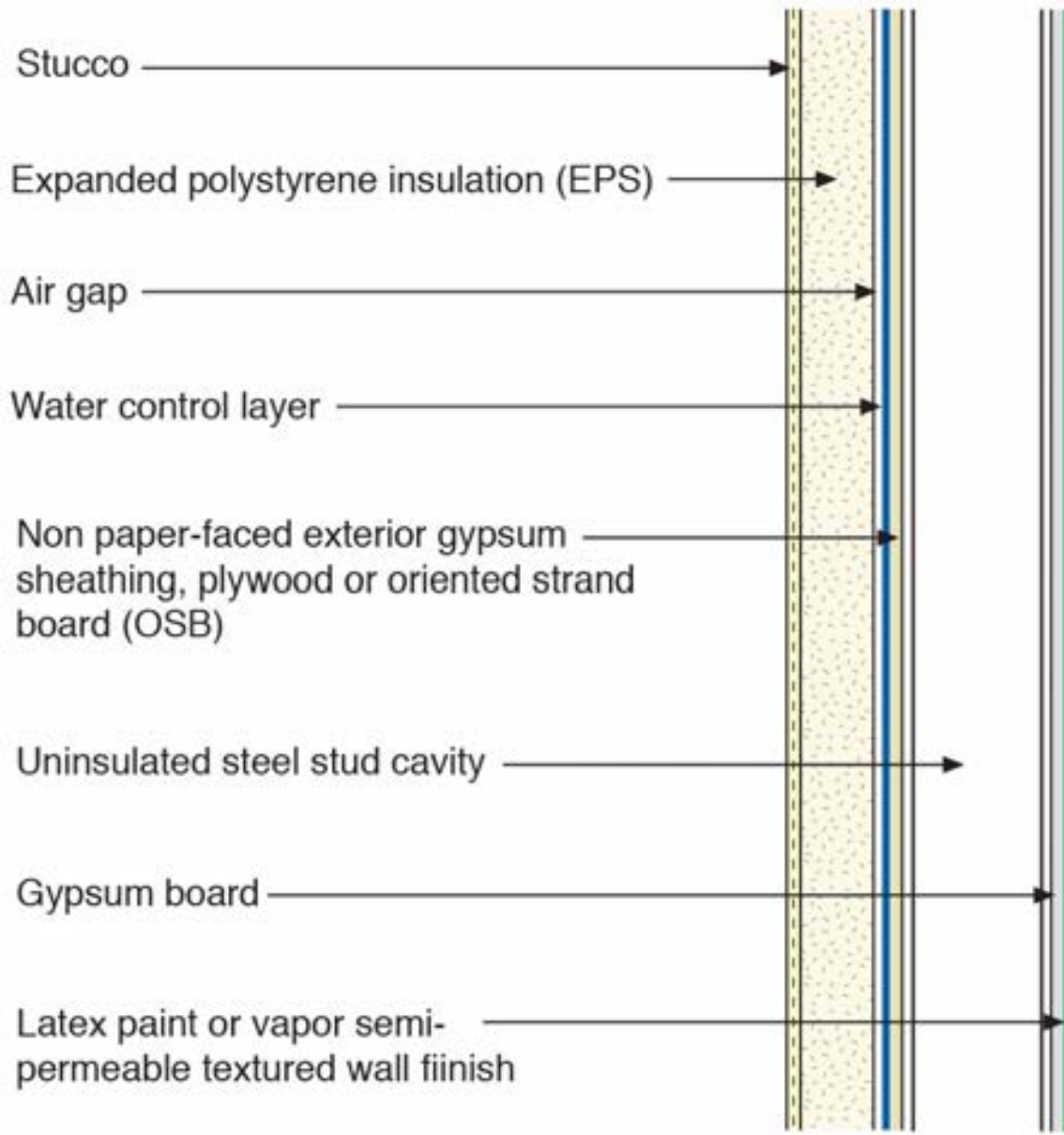
# Side Trip To Woodbury, MN....

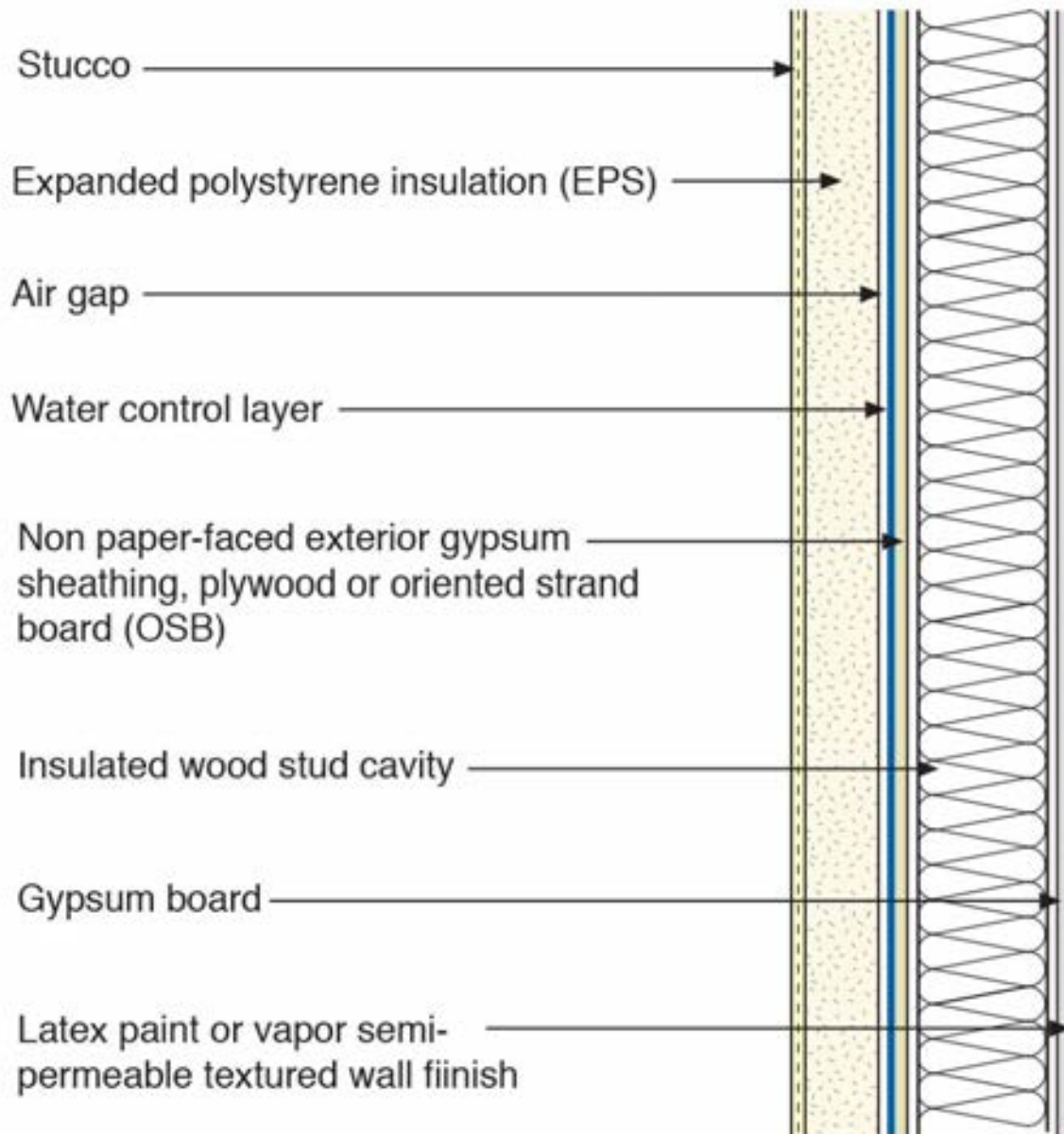


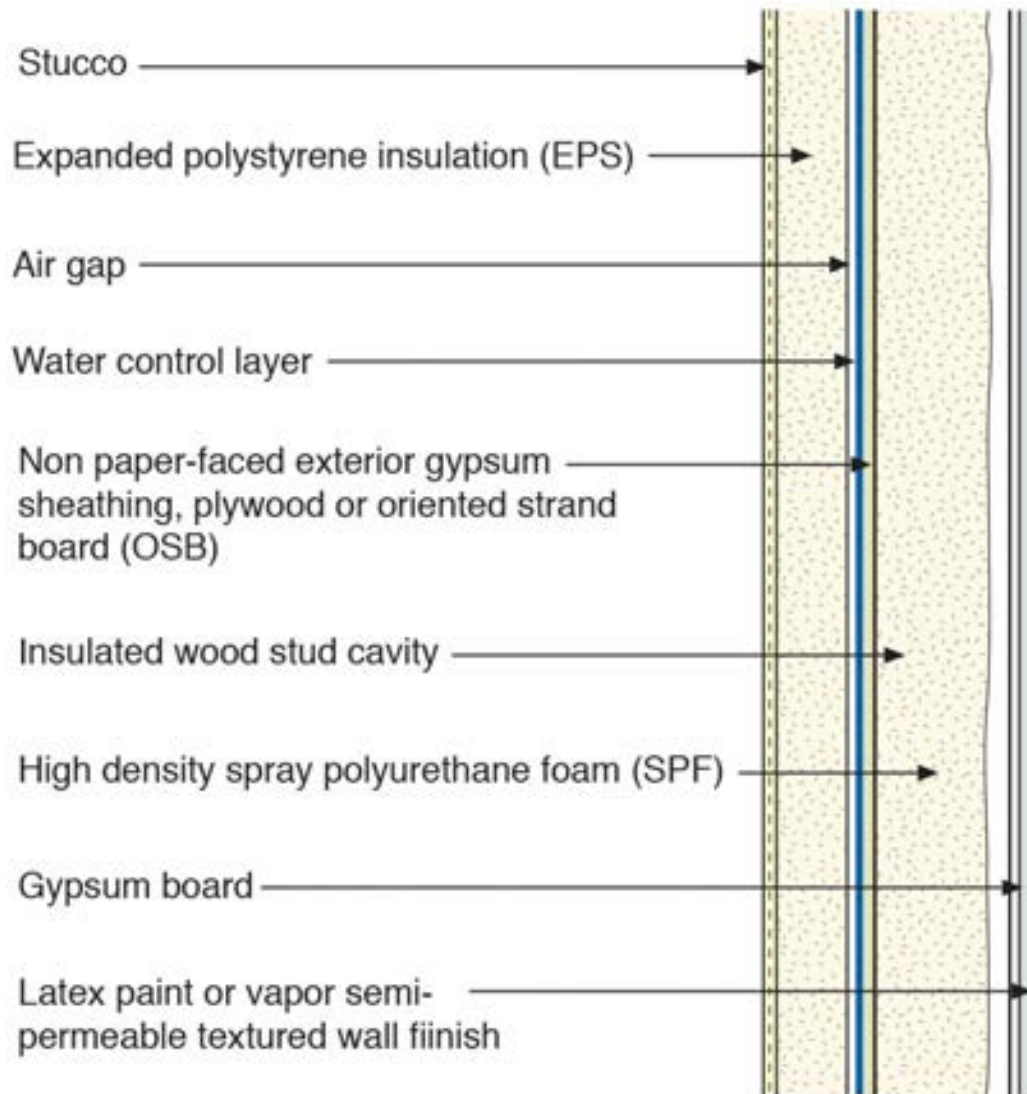


# EIFS No Longer Has Issues







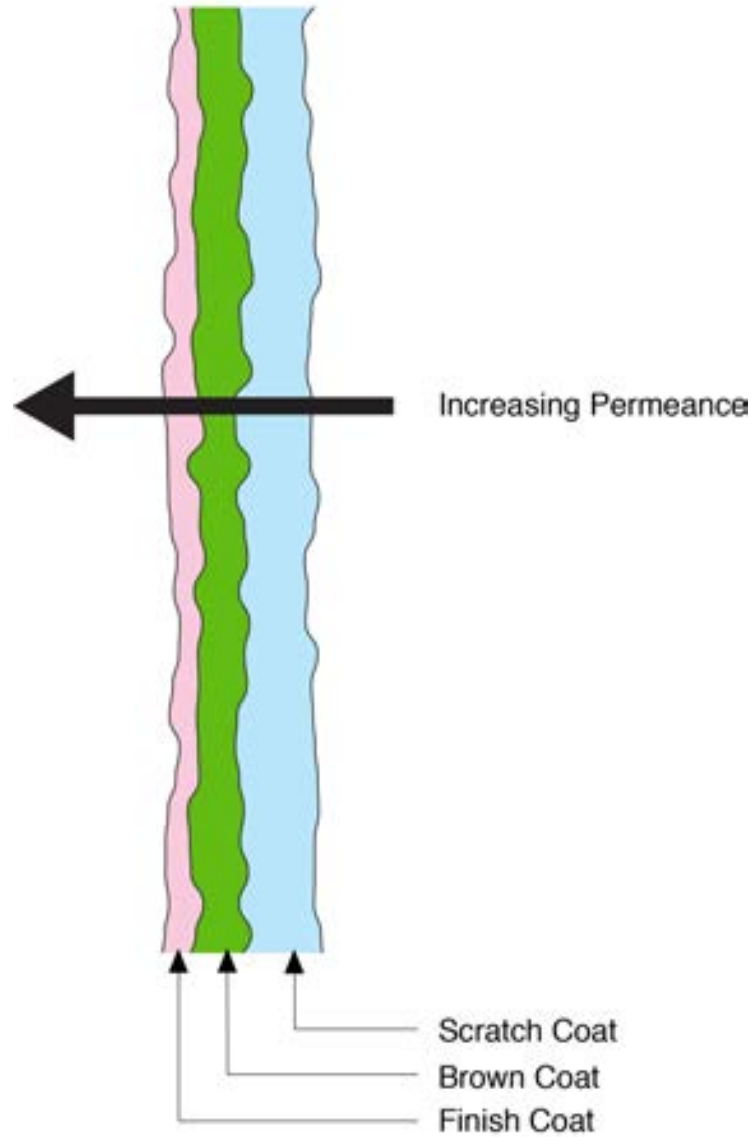


# Back To Stucco....

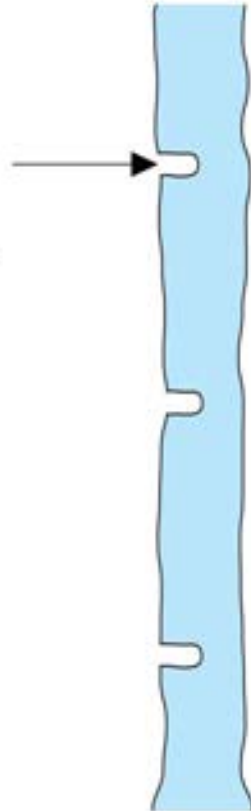
# Lime vs Portland Cement Polymer Modification

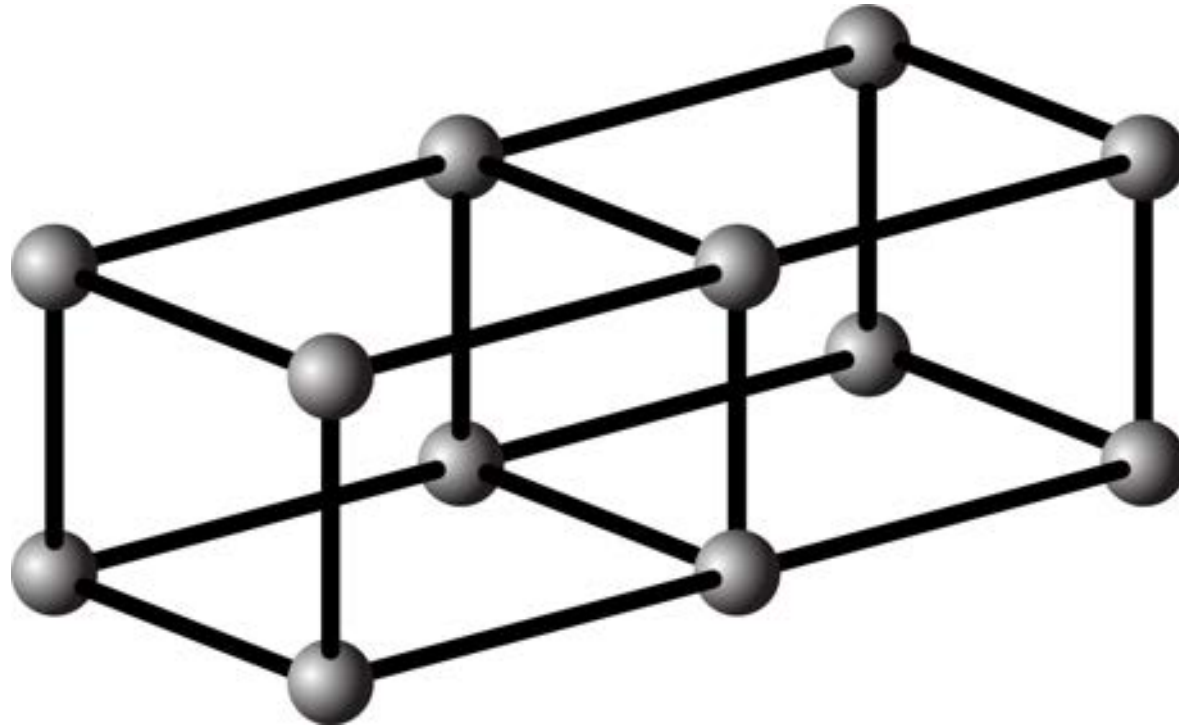


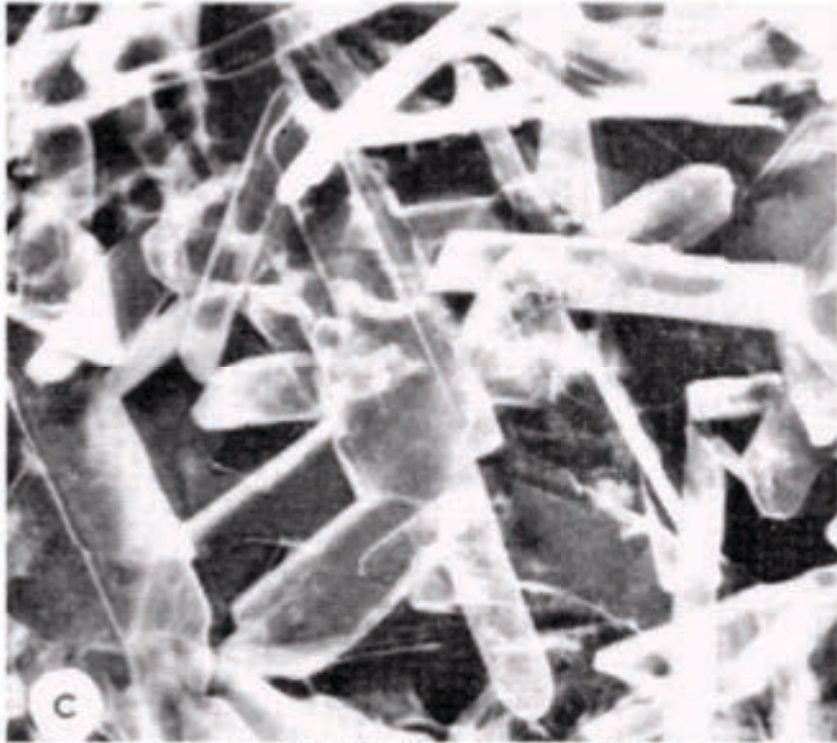
Traditional Lime Stucco	Greater than 20 perms
Lime/Portland Cement Stucco	5 to 10 perms
Portland Cement Stucco	1 to 5 perms
Polymer Modification	Less than 1



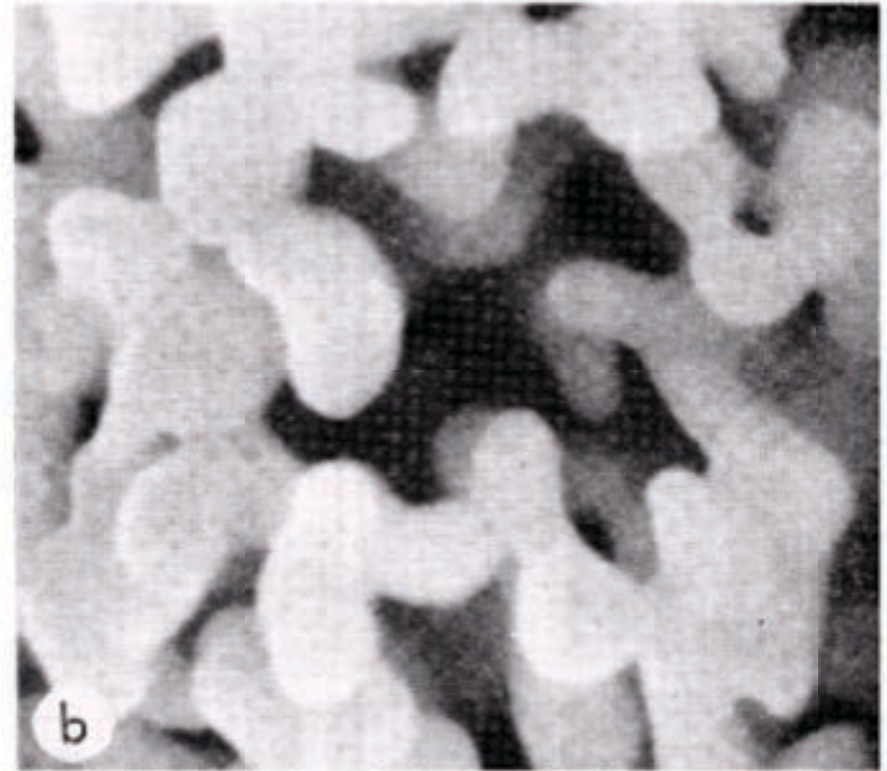
Horizontal "scoring"  
provides mechanical  
bond and "shelf"  
for water during "wet" curing





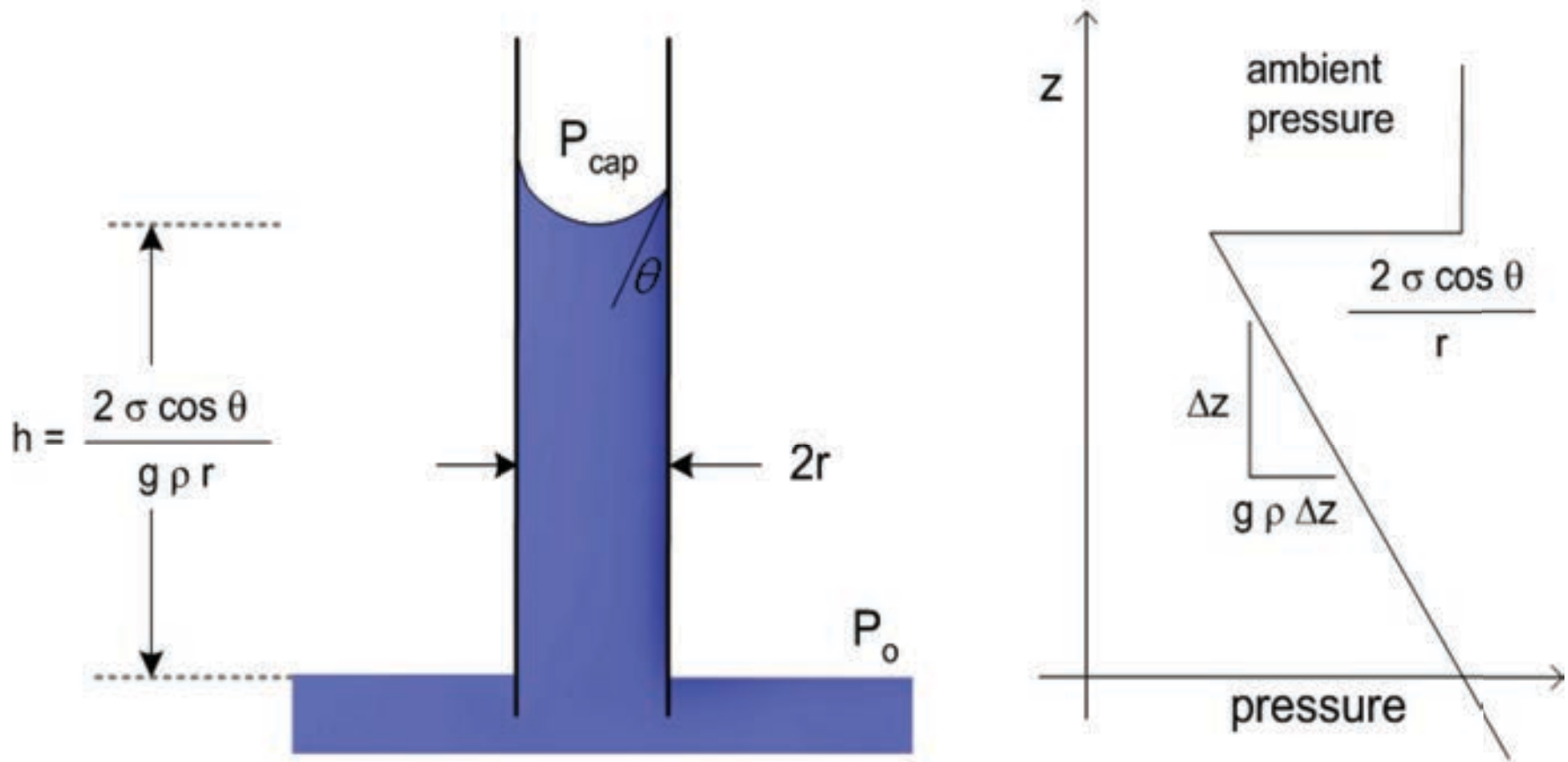


*Figure 1c. Gypsum, hydrated from plaster of paris and water, porosity 30 per cent.*

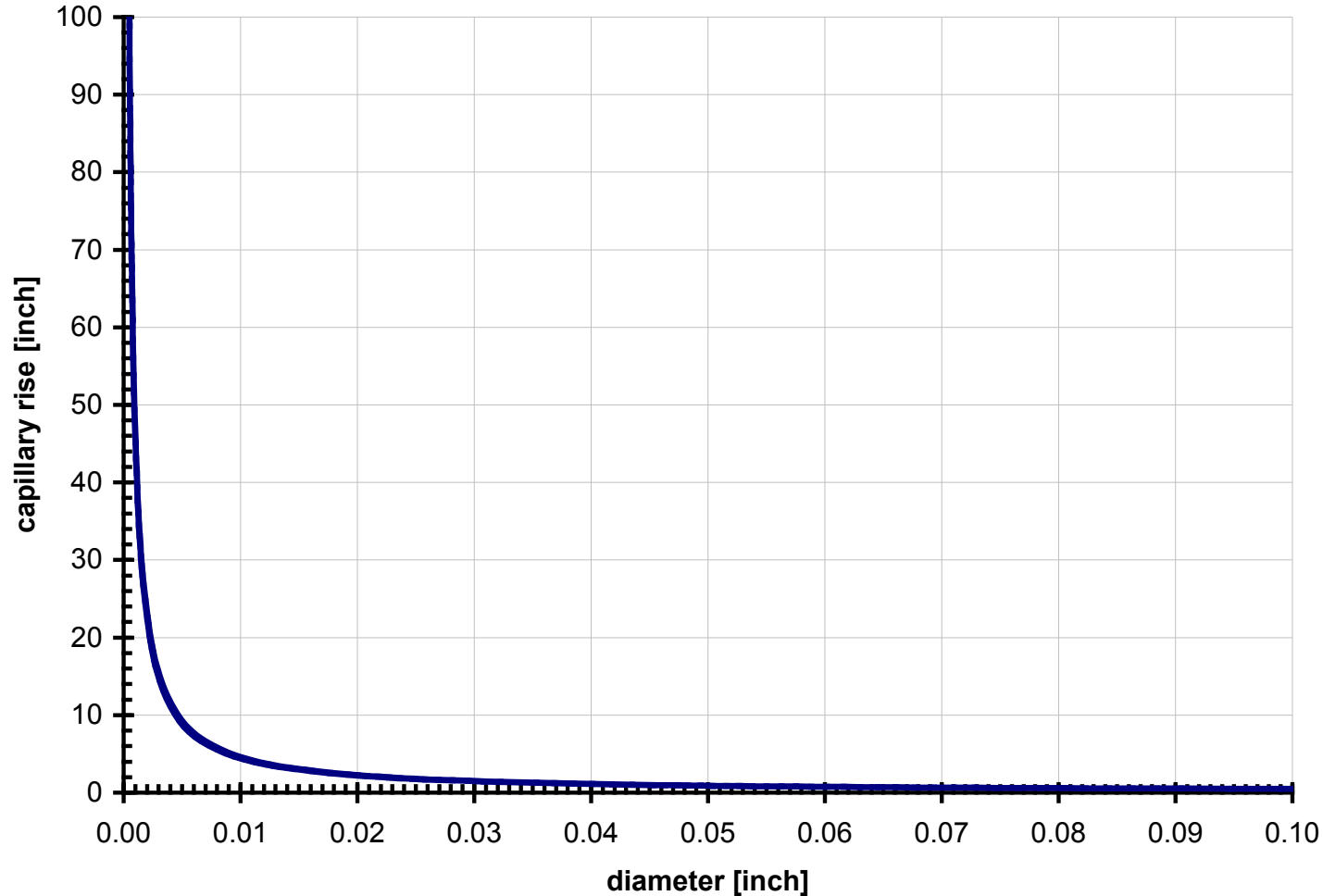


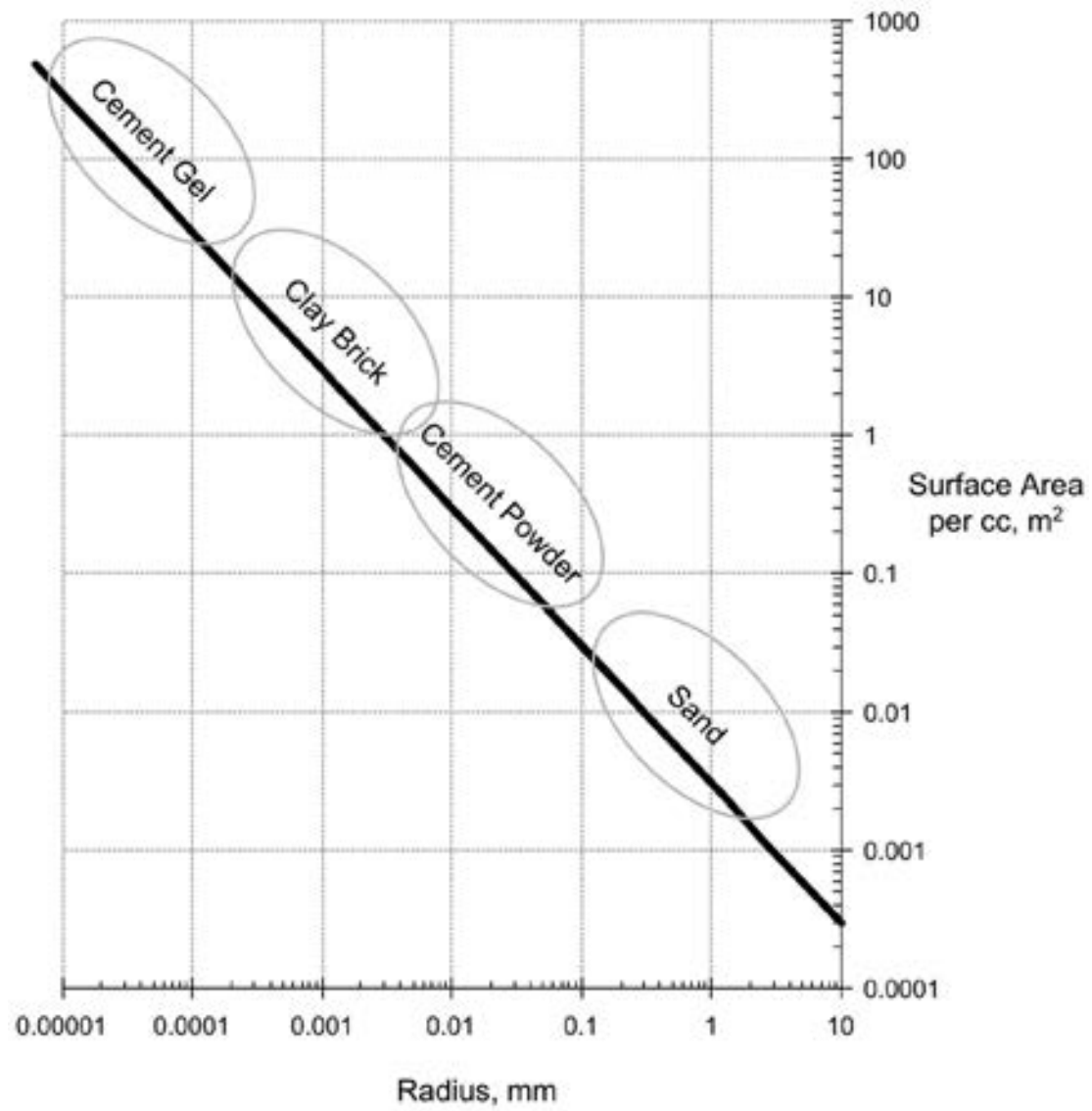
*Figure 1b. Brick, sintered clay, porosity 40 per cent.*

# Calculating capillary rise



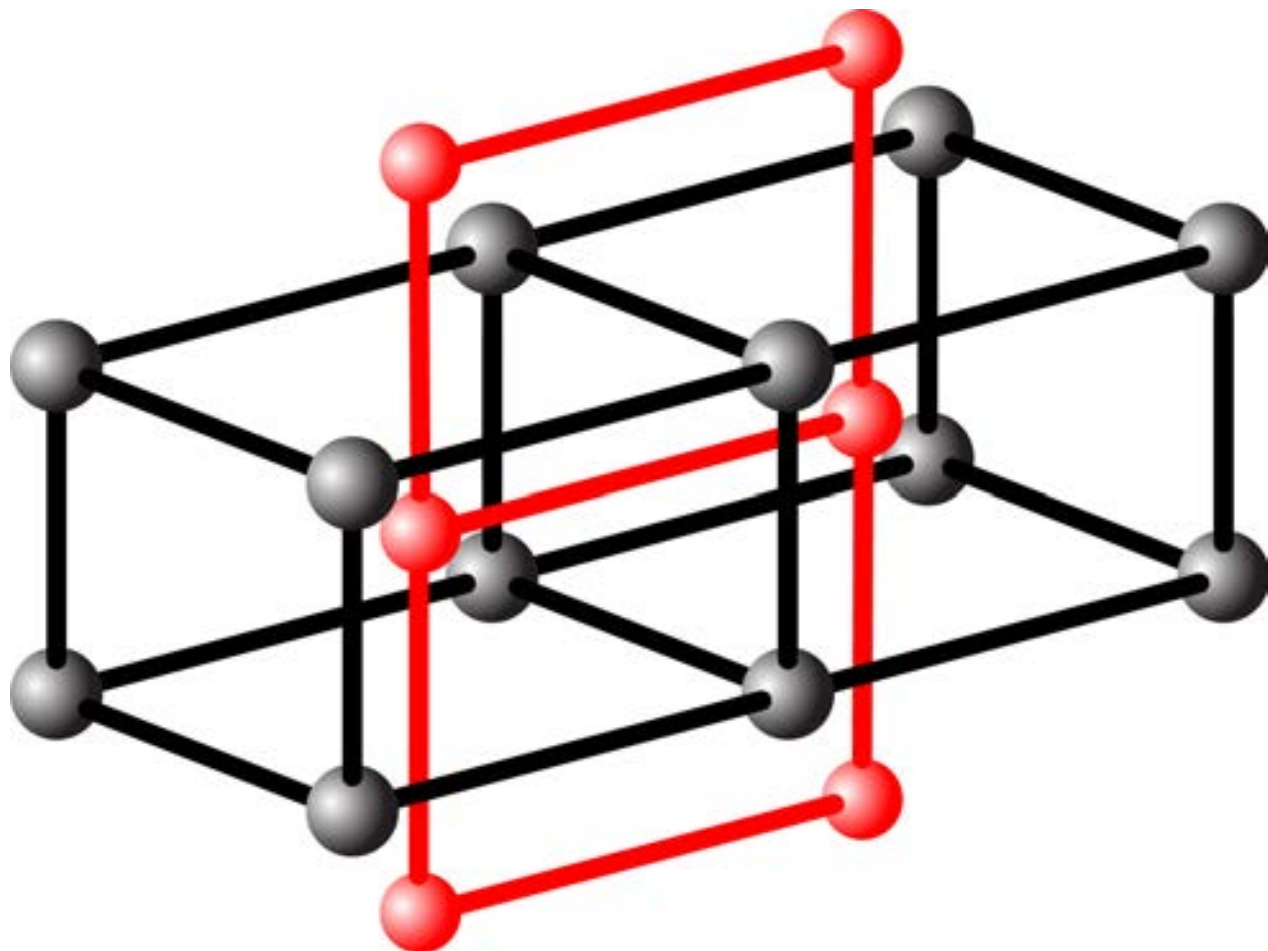
# Capillary rise versus diameter

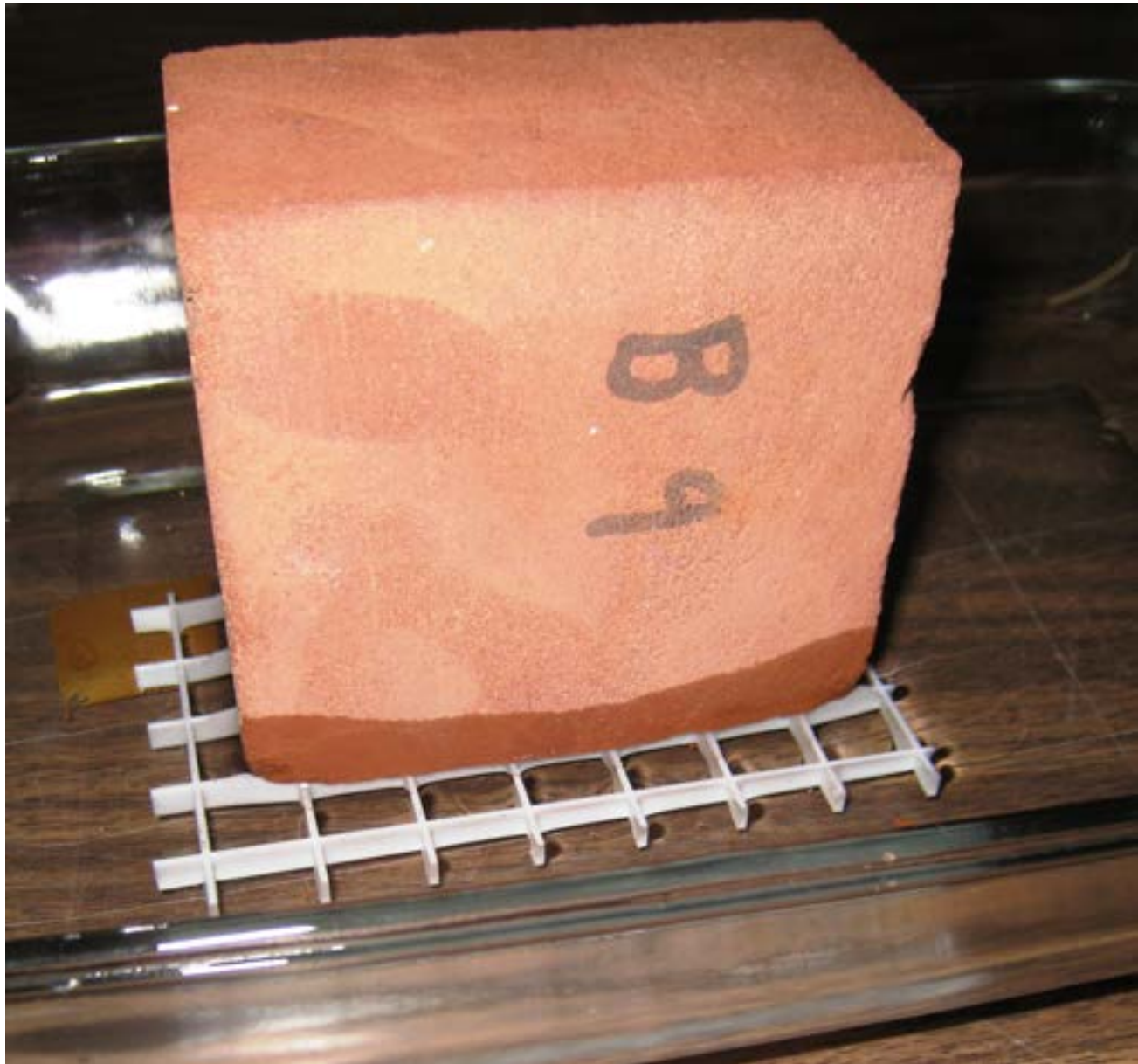




Surface area vs. particle size  
From Straube & Burnett, 2005







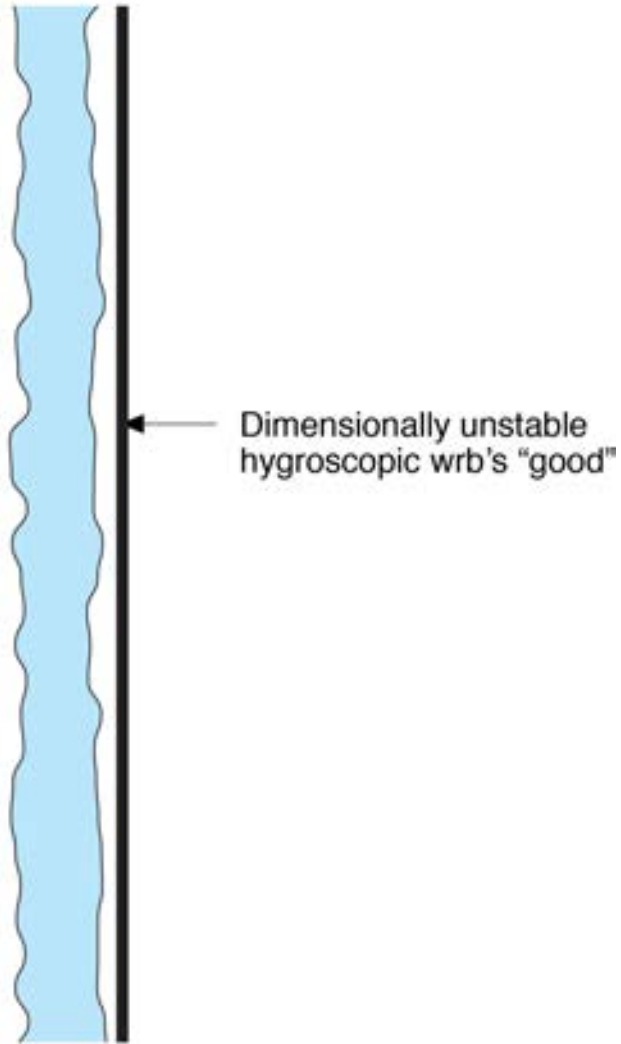
# Ancient Modification Additives

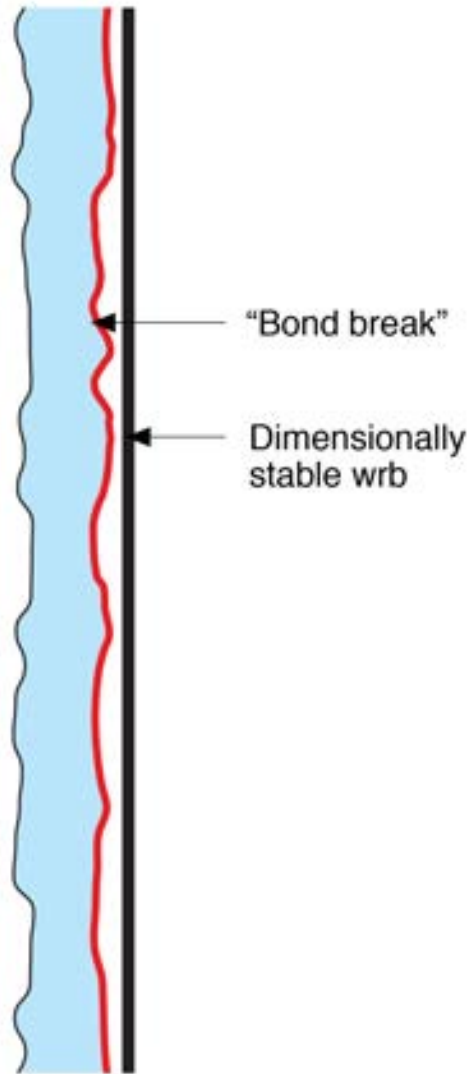
Cow Dung

Egg Whites

Pig Blood

# Non Traditional Building Wraps





























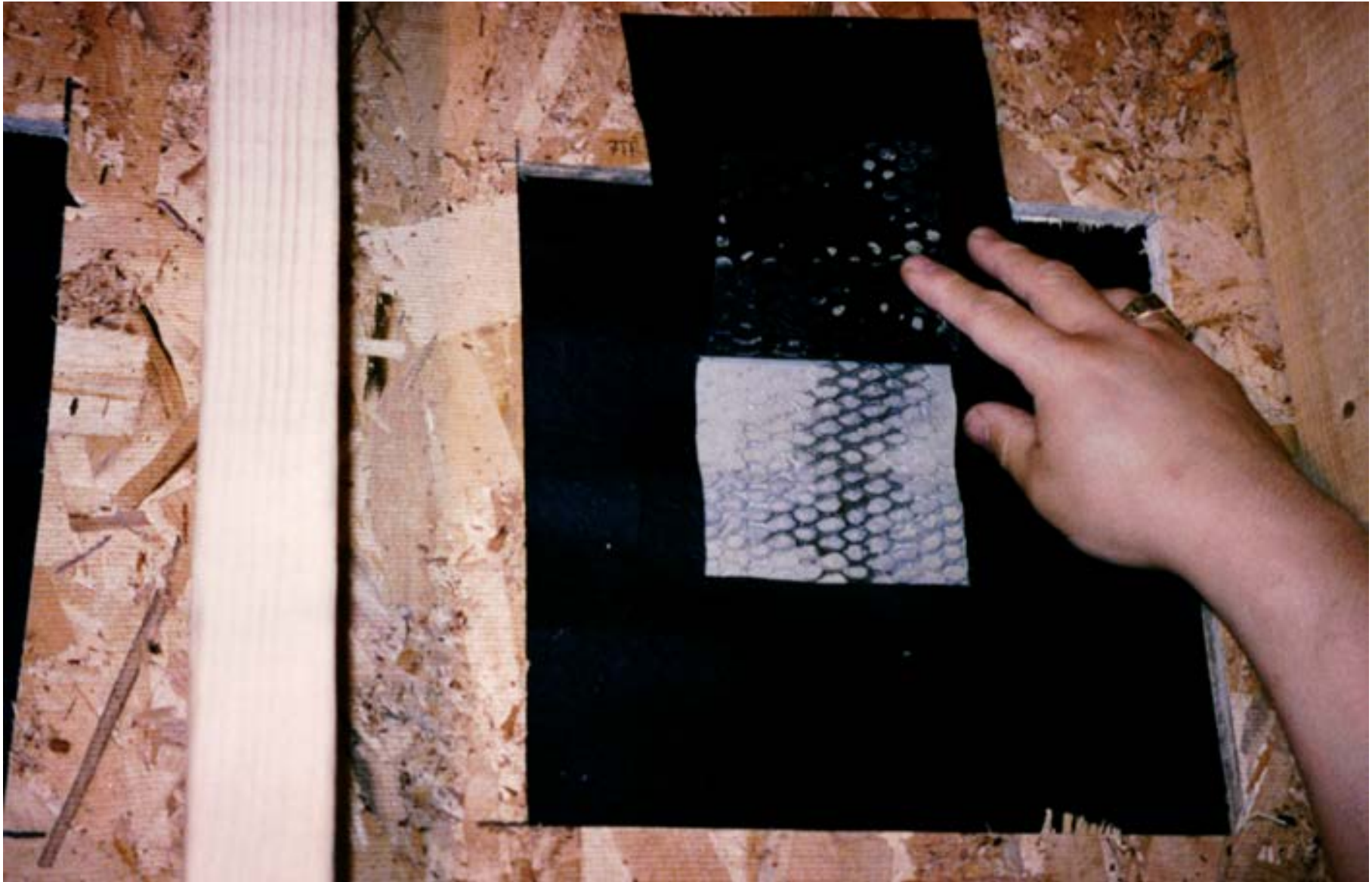
# Side Trip To My Backyard....



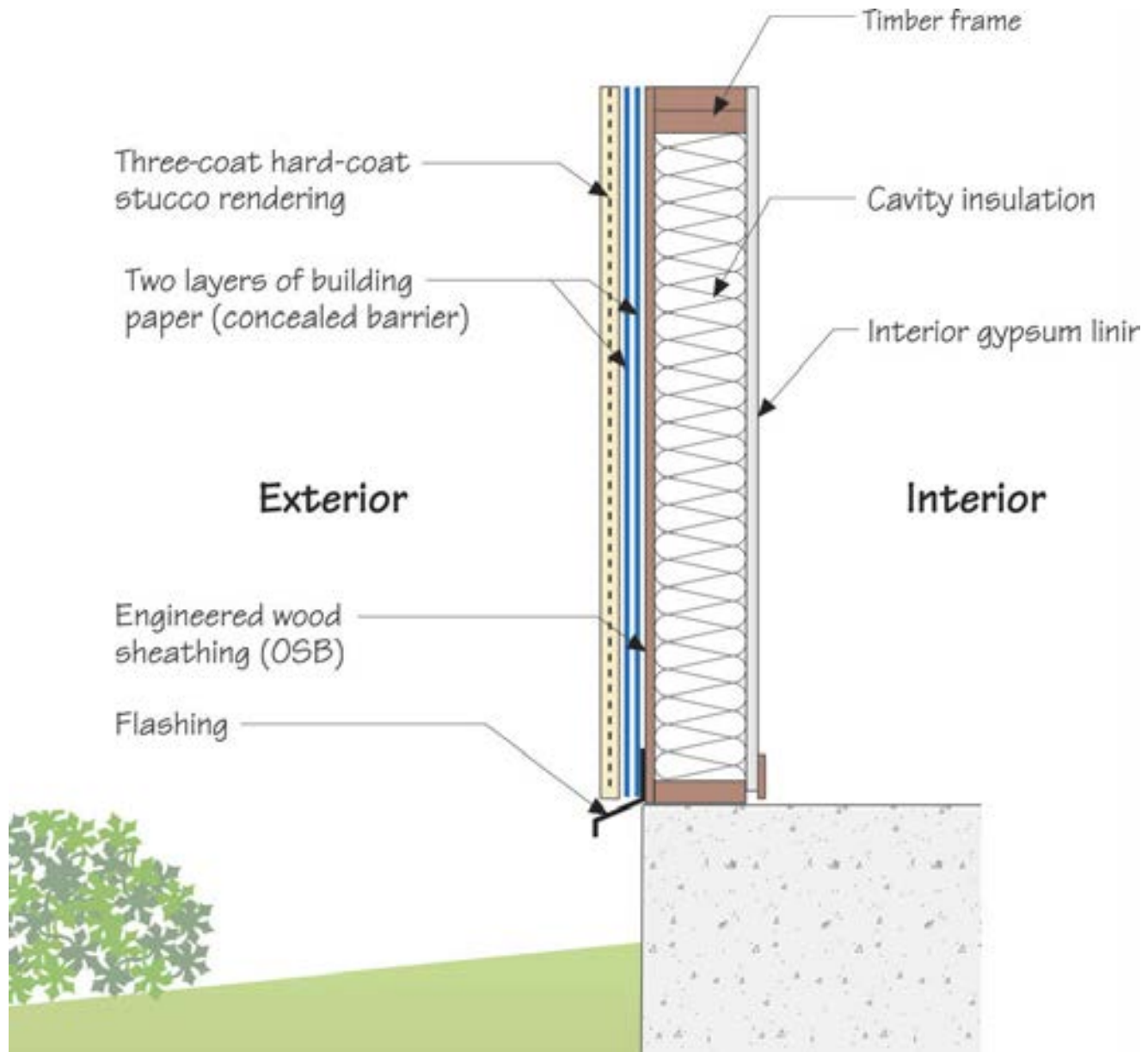














“Lumpy Stucco” ....

Should Have Been The Big US Warning....







Back To America....Pennslyvania....  
And Then Pretty Much Anywhere It Rains...























# Back To Lumpy Stucco....



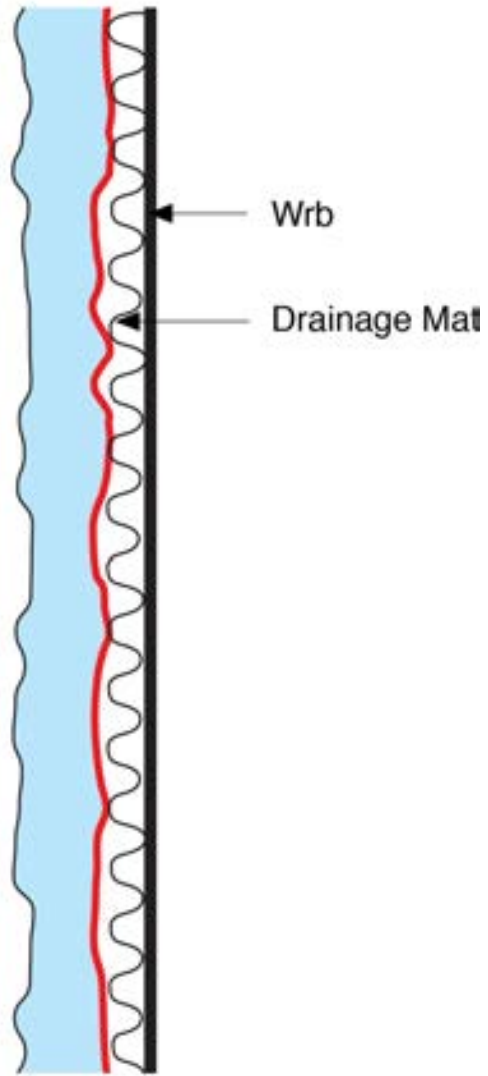








Easy Solution....

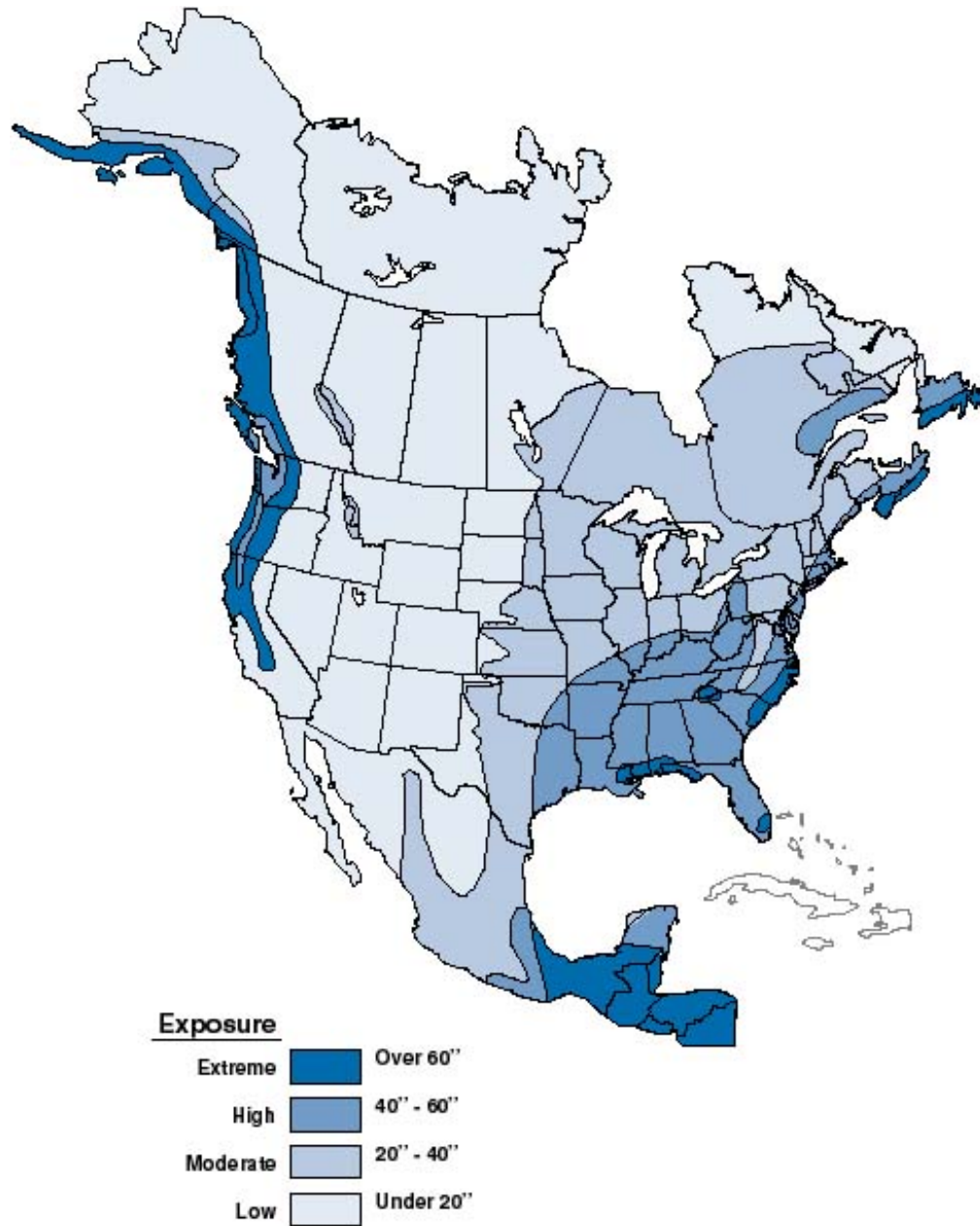


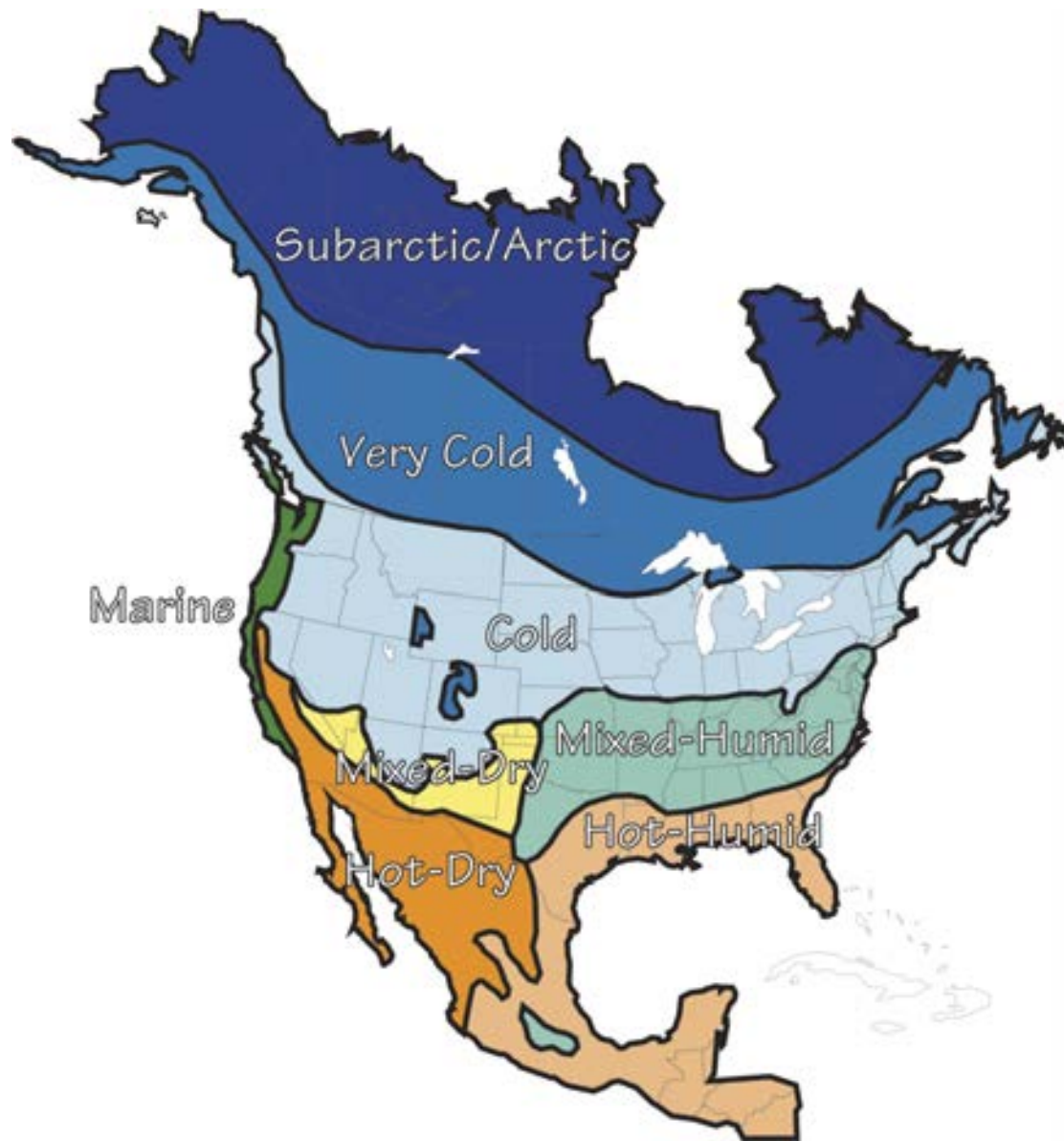


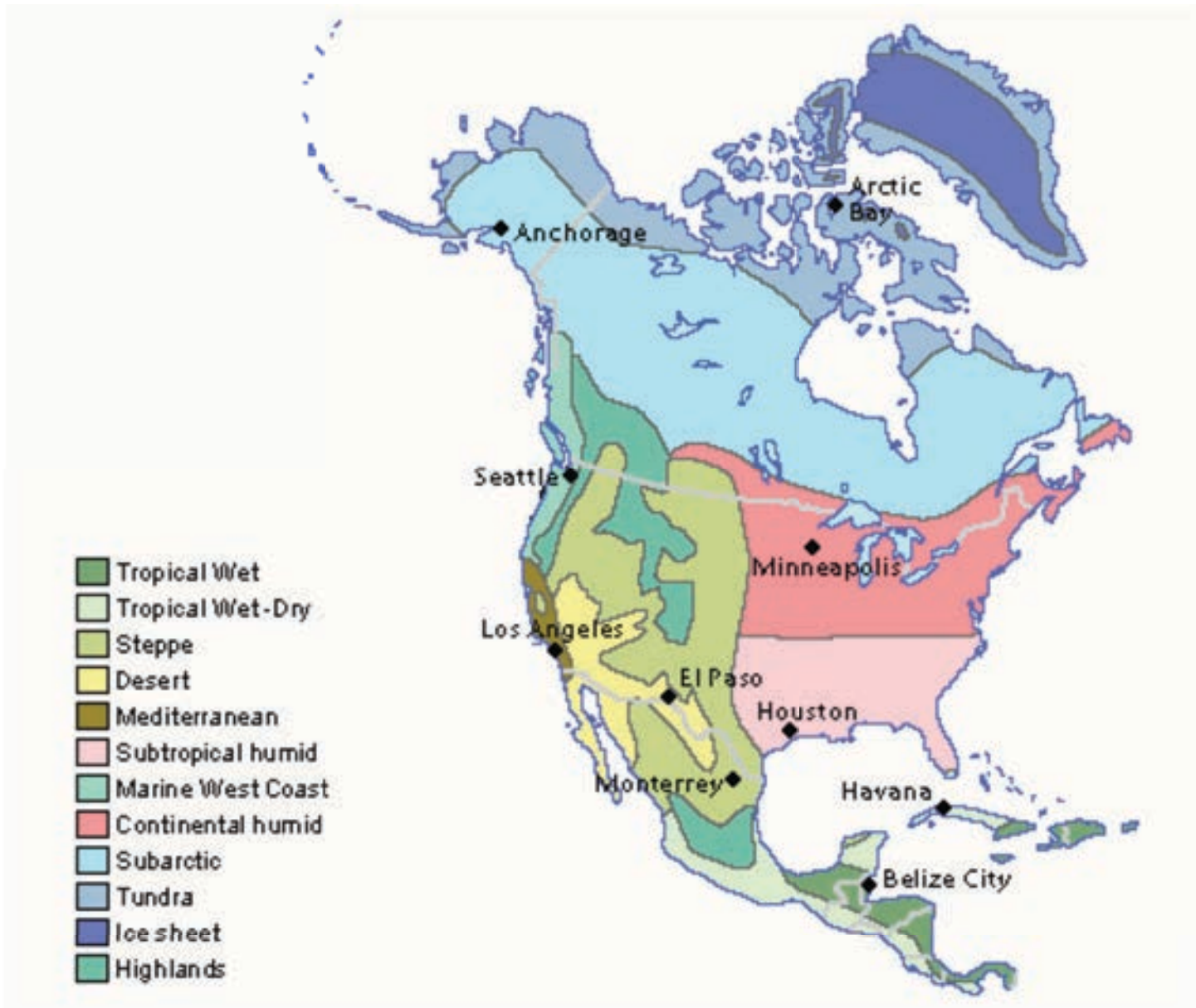




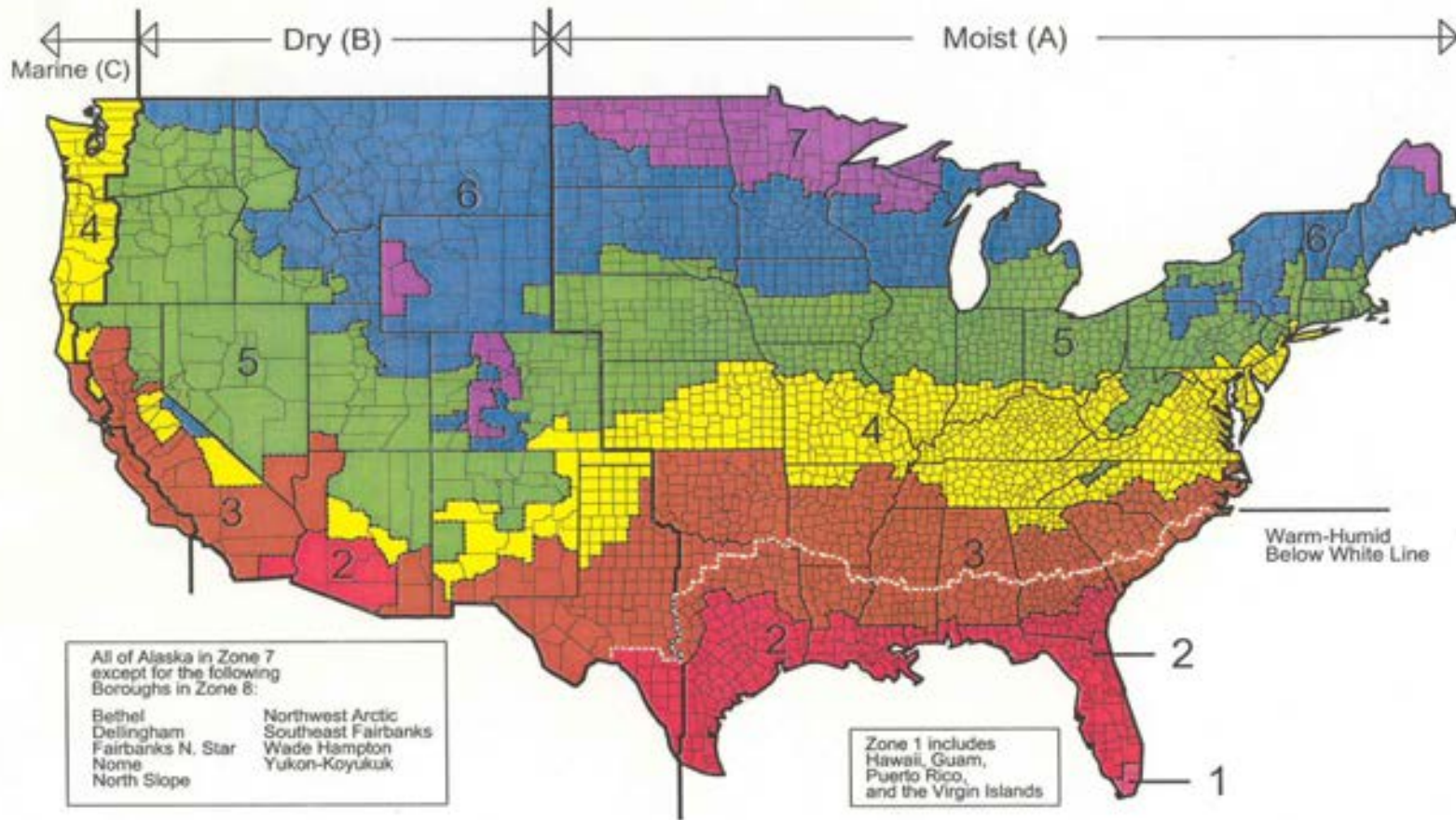








# Map of DOE's Proposed Climate Zones



March 24, 2003

## Recommendations....

Provide a 3/8 inch air space behind all stucco in regions where it rains more than 20 inches per year

Provide a 3/8 inch air space behind all stucco over three stories

Don't install interior vapor barriers

Air space can be reduced to 1/16 inch where inward vapor drive is limited

Recommendations....

Barrier works in Florida over block

Barrier does not work in Florida over OSB

Don't install interior vapor barriers in Florida

Don't drain a drained system into a barrier system

**Exterior Conditions**

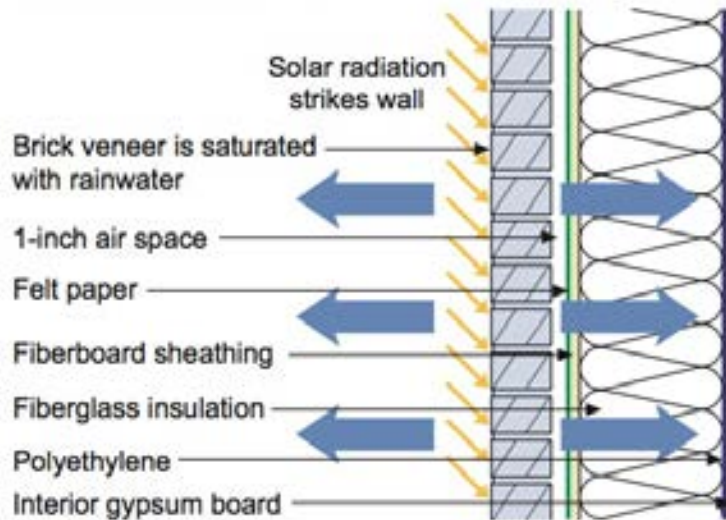
Temperature: 80°F  
Relative humidity: 75%  
Vapor pressure: 2.49 kPa

**Conditions within Cavity:**

Temperature: 100°F  
Relative humidity: 100%  
Vapor pressure: 6.45 kPa

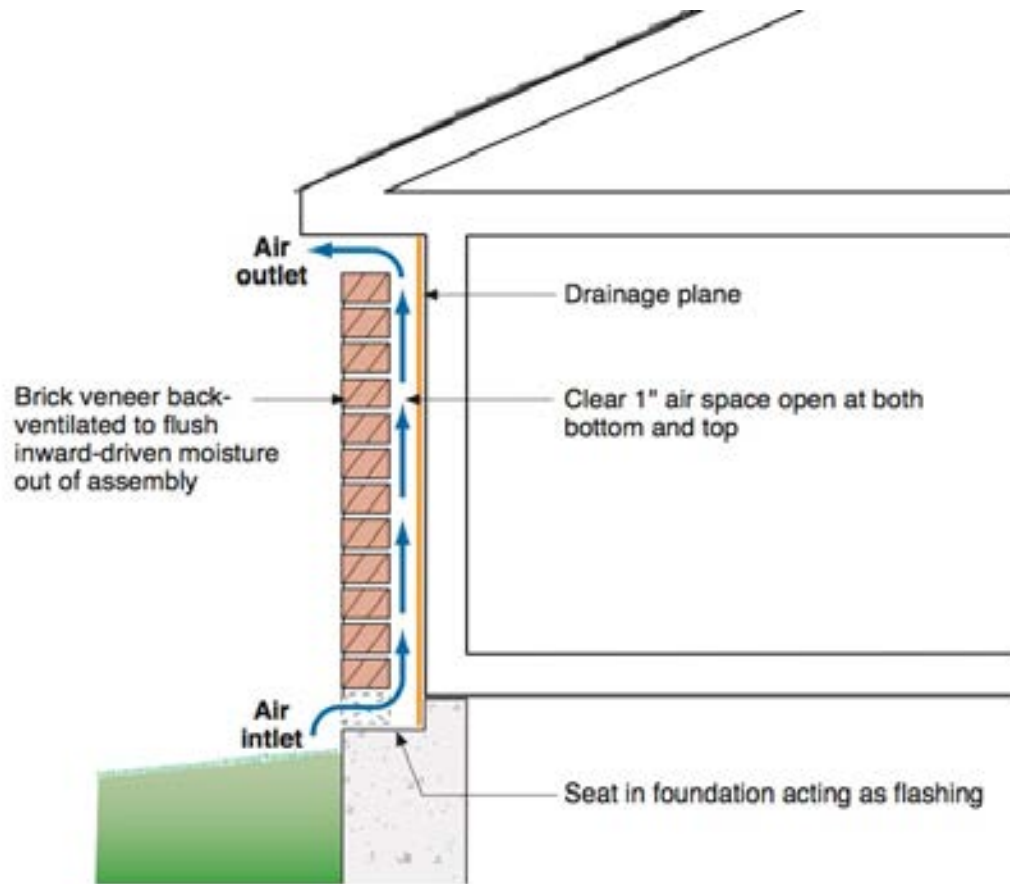
**Interior Conditions**

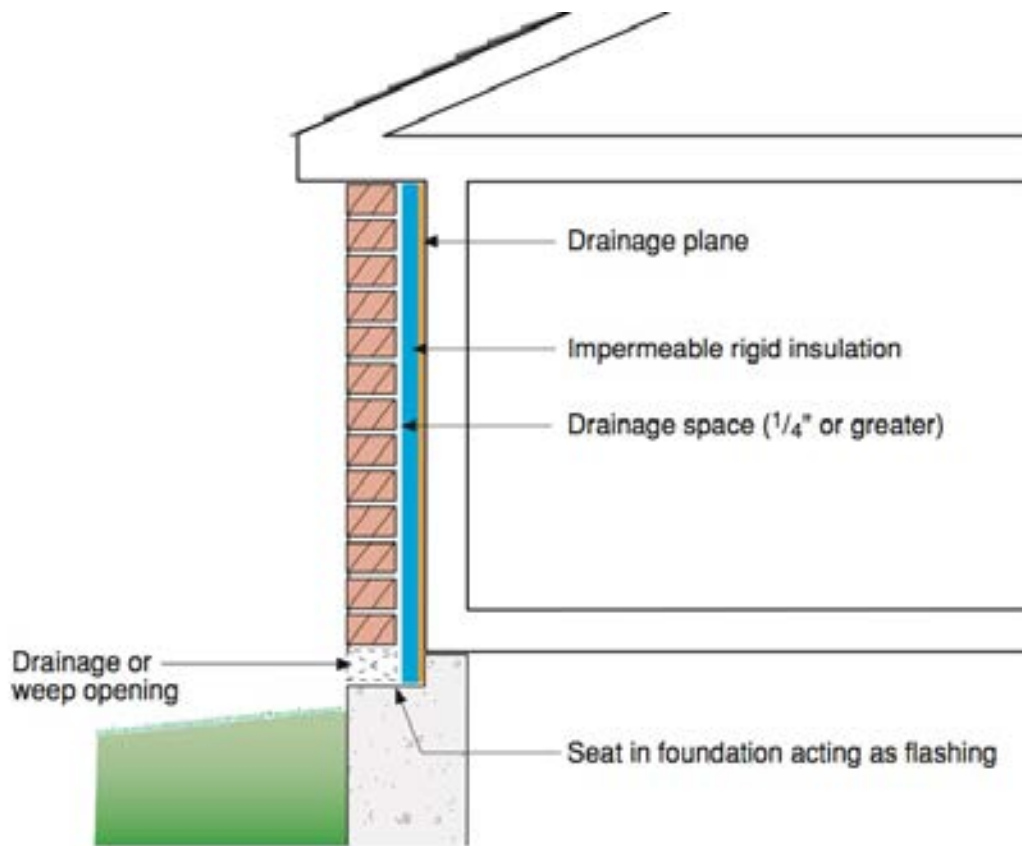
Temperature: 75°F  
Relative humidity: 60%  
Vapor pressure: 1.82 kPa

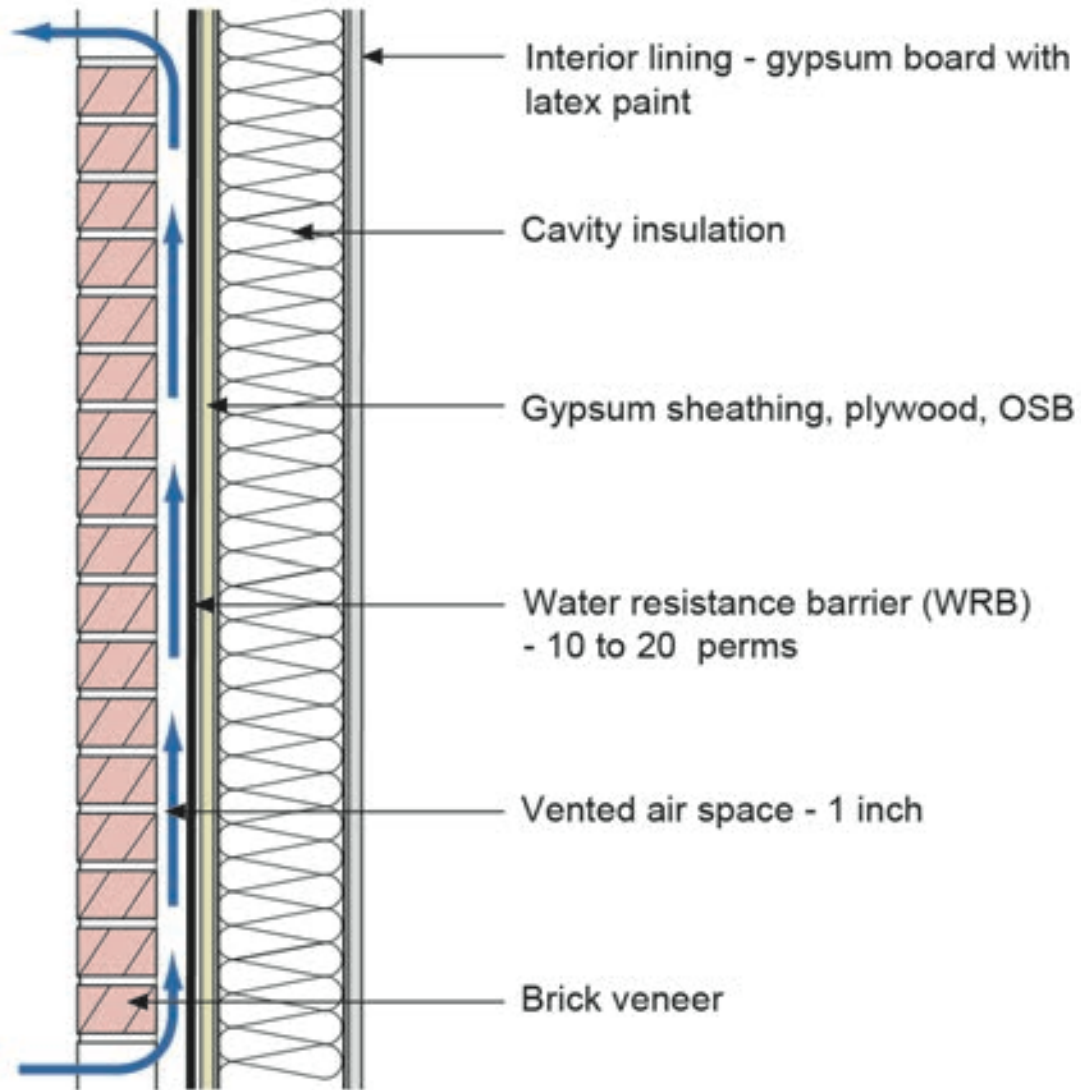


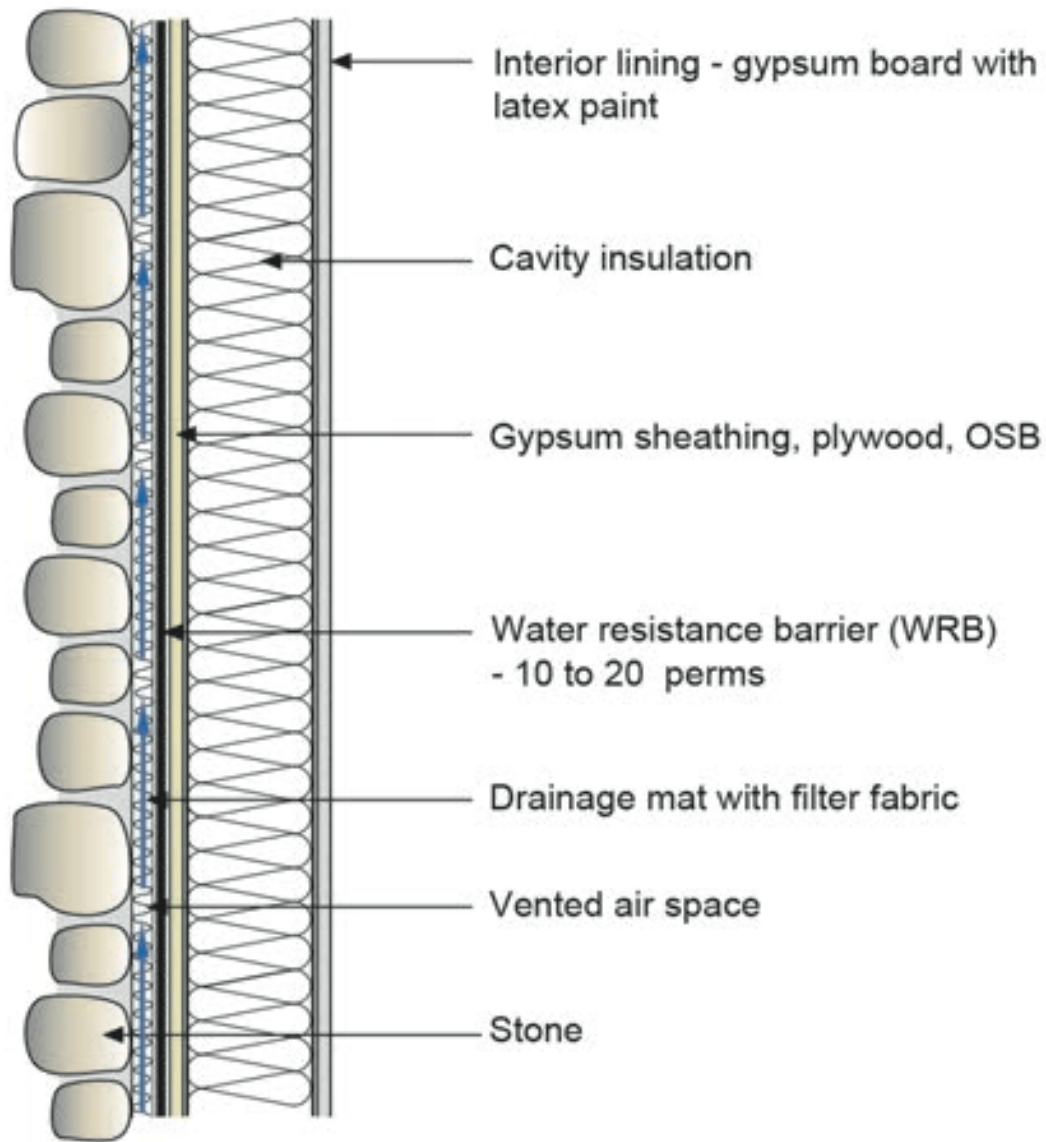
Vapor is driven both inward and outward by a high vapor pressure differential between the brick and the interior and the brick and the exterior.

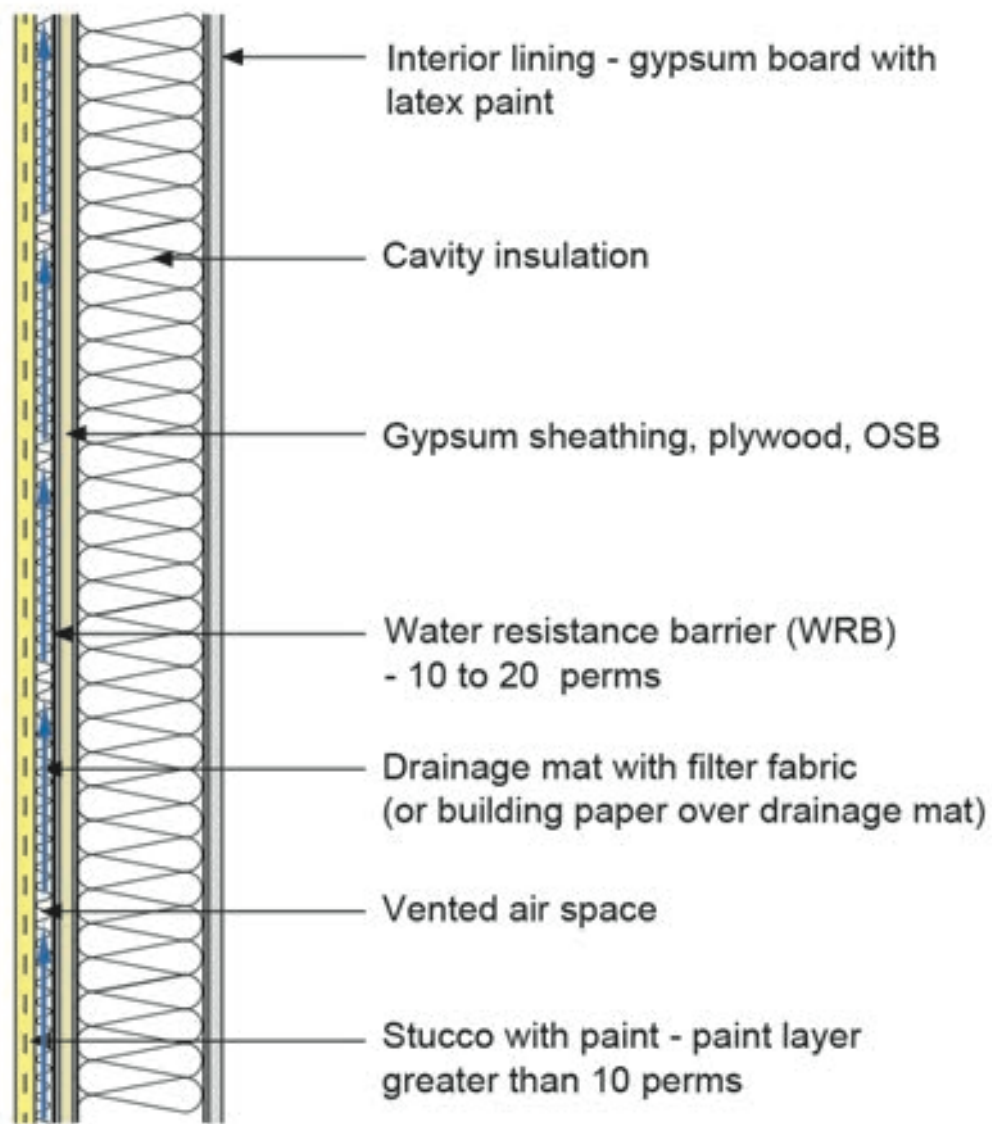












### Water Vapor Permeance of WRB's

